The Wine for Health
'VITATONE'
Tonic Wine
STANDS FOR HEALTH, VIGOUR & VITALITY
Sole Agents:—
DILAJ & CO. 20, Hamam Street, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXII NO. 273 — BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1944 — Price: 2 Annas

Taj
TONIGHT & TOMORROW
DINNER DANCE & CABARET
Sonny Lobo & His Nite Club Boys
★
Reservations of Tables for Dinner not taken up by 9-30 p.m. will be cancelled.
Sun. 19th — CABARET COCKTAIL DANCE

U. S. Amphibious Troops Invade Mapia Islands

Jap Aerodromes And Shipping In Philippines Bombed

General MacArthur's Head Quarters, November 16.

American amphibious troops invaded Mapia Islands on Wednesday, it is officially announced.

Mapia is 145 miles north-west of Biak on the northern New Guinea coast. A small force landed under cover of heavy naval bombardment. They met only slight resistance and immediately pushed inland.

The landing was made to knock out Japanese coast watchers who have been operating warning stations reporting flights of American planes northward.

A supplementary 'communique' which gave the news of the Mapia landing said, the islands were heavily bombed from the air before the naval bombardment, and Allied planes continued their raids against Japanese aerodromes and shipping in central and southern Philippines and other bypassed islands.

Heavy bombing attacks which preceded the landing in the Mapins caused large fires in enemy supply dumps and defence positions.

Manila Govt. Orders Mobilisation

LONDON, Nov. 16: The German radio says that the Japanese controlled Philippines Government at Manila has ordered the complete mobilisation of all men in the Philippines between the ages of 14 and 60. They will be drafted into the army or Labour Service.—Reuter.

(See Page 6.)

"YORKSHIRE POST" ON BURMA'S DEMAND

LONDON, Nov. 15: "The plan of the Imperial Affairs Committee of the Conservative Party for Dominion Status for Burma deserves careful study in the light of two established facts," states the "Yorkshire Post" in an editorial.

First, Burma has already progressed far along the road to Self Government. Secondly, the Japanese, since their occupation of Burma, have exploited with no little skill the prevailing militant nationalism of the inhabitants. They have declared 'independence' for Burma and that heavy word has conjured up visions of freedom hitherto undreamed of.

It may be doubted whether the Japanese have been successful in installing anti-British sentiment into the minds of the Burmans but we may take it for granted that Burma will not welcome with open arms a return to her former semi-dependent status when the Japanese have been driven out. She will demand and will have to be granted a greater measure of Self Government than heretofore."—Reuter.

Amery Praises Indian Troops

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Mr. Amery asked in the Commons today if he could give information about the Indian Army's campaign in Burma against the Japanese, said: "Although some two-thirds of the forces engaged on the Burma front are drawn from the Indian army, British, West and East African, American and Chinese troops are also engaged. Kachin and Chin levies, inhabitants of Burma, have also fought most loyally for us.

"For a general review of the campaign, I would refer to the statement made by the Prime Minister on Sept. 28.

"The Indian Army has fought magnificently on this front and proved itself more than a match for the Japanese in jungle warfare.

"The confirmed total of Japanese killed in the course of Allied operations since first January exceeds 54 thousand. The actual total must be very much larger as this figure does not include cases in which bodies have been buried or removed by the enemy or those who died from disease or wounds.—Reuter.

ALLIES TAKE KALEMYO

KANDY, Nov. 16: The S.-E.A.C. Communique today reported: "CHINDWIN FRONT: East African forces occupied Kalemyo, sixteen miles west of Kalewa. The link up of these African troops with the Fifth Indian Division moving on Kalemyo from the west has been strengthened.

NORTHERN BURMA: Chinese troops of the Thirty-eighth Division gained three miles east of Bhamo yesterday and reached a village one mile from the town. Troops north of the town made slight gains. Other troops south-east of Bhamo have cut the Bhamo-Namkamspur to the Burma Road at the eleven-mile mark. Chinese units moving east from the Schwegu area have cut the other main road south from Bhamo. In the railway corridor troops of the British Thirty-sixth Division made slight gains in stubborn fighting just north of Pinwe.

ARAKAN: West African troops captured another position west of Paletwa.

JAP DRIVE TO CUT CHINA IN TWO

From M. M. Nerurkar, A.P.I. correspondent in Western China, Nov. 13: Japanese forces in Kwangsi, estimated at fifteen crack Divisions totalling about 300,000 men, are making phenomenal progress in their drive to cut China in two and to secure an overland supply and communication line by capturing Kweilin, Liuchow and Nanning, thus offsetting the impending loss of their shipping channel in the China Seas.

Nanning, 120 miles to the south-west of Liuchow is another objective of the Japanese drive. Japanese detachments are already attacking Chienkiang, which is 80 miles to the north of Nanning on the Liuchow-Nanning road. Nanning is also threatened by enemy columns marching south-west of Kweihsien.

Indian Council Of World Affairs

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

Sir Ziauddin Ahmed and Rao Bahadur Shiveraj, Members, Central Assembly have resigned their membership of Indian Council of World Affairs.

Chiang, Supreme Allied Commander For China Theatre?

CHUNGKING, Nov. 16.

In reply to a question from a correspondent: "What is precisely the Generalissimo's command", P. H. Chang, Executive Yuan Counsellor, said this afternoon at the Foreign Press Conference that Generalissimo Chiang kai-Shek is supreme Allied Commander of China, Indo-China and Thailand.—Reuter.

"FULL SELF-GOVT." FOR BURMA

Plan For Reconstruction After Liberation From Jap Hands

LONDON, Nov. 15: Full Self-Government and Dominion Status for Burma are envisaged in "Blue Print for Burma" which is being circulated among all Conservative Members of Parliament by the Imperial Affairs Committee of the Conservative Party. This plan for the post-war reconstruction of Burma after British reoccupation has been prepared by a special Burma Sub-Committee of which Mr. Somerset De Chair is Chairman.

RECONSTRUCTION PERIOD

The plan is regarded in many quarters in Westminster as a policy-making document upon which early Cabinet action is not unlikely, says Reuter's Political Correspondent. "Blue Print for Burma" contains ten principal recommendations of which the first is for a period of reconstruction of a fixed duration during which authority should rest with the Governor with whom would immediately be associated a Council of representative Burmans to assist him in reconstruction work and prepare the ground, by a study of political bases, for framing a permanent constitution to be submitted to a Representative Assembly elected on a broad franchise at the end of the period of reconstruction.

DOMINION STATUS

The future constitution, it is recommended, should establish in Burma full Self-Government and confer Dominion Status, subject to a treaty on defence and external relations between the Imperial and Burmese Government. During the period of reconstruction, limited to six years, it is proposed that the direction of Burmese affairs should rest with the Secretary for the Dominions assisted by a separate Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Burma.

Under the plan, British firms operating in Burma would be entitled to compensation for material loss or damage arising out of the War or enemy occupation but full compensation would be paid only to firms willing to re-start their operations on a satisfactory basis.

AFTER LIBERATION FROM JAPAN

The plan provides for a commercial treaty, giving reasonable security for British nationals engaged in the industrial and commercial rehabilitation of Burma and urges that advantage should be taken of the liberation of Burma from Japanese rule, firstly, to free agricultural land from non-cultivating ownership subject to payment of a reasonable compensation, secondly, to arrange for the financing of cultivators to be facilitated by a land bank and by co-operative credit and, thirdly, to prohibit the transfer of agricultural land to non-cultivators.

EXCLUDED STATES

The final recommendation deals with excluded states and recommends that the Shans, Chins, Kachins and Karens under the 1935 Act should not form part of the proposed Burmese Dominion until such time as they clearly express their desire to join it and the Committee do not consider that any alteration in the present status of these areas is a necessary pre-requisite to the establishment of a dominion of Burma. It is regarded as likely that the proposals may be discussed in the Commons after the recess during the debate following the King's speech.—Reuter.

Australian Test Cricketer's Death

SYDNEY, Nov. 16: Charles Kelleway, the allround Australian test cricketer, died here to-day after a long illness. He was known as "The Rock of Gibraltar" owing to his great defensive play when batting.—Reuter.

Wartime Controls To Continue

But Relaxations Will Be Made Wherever Possible Assures Churchill

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Mr. Churchill informed Parliament to-day in a statement about controls after the war that the existing system of allocating manpower to the armed forces and various industries would be maintained during the period between the defeat of Germany and the defeat of Japan.

Replying to a question, Mr. Churchill said that the restoration of the protection of the liberty of the individual would be continually under review as the danger of proximity of war receded from Britain.

Mr. Churchill's statement reads: "It is not possible to look beyond the end of the Japanese war and my reply (he was replying to a question in the Commons) relates to the period between the defeat of Germany and the defeat of Japan. Until Japan has been defeated the war must have the first call on all our efforts.

"After the defeat of Germany it will be possible and necessary to turn over an increasing part of our resources to civilian production. Then we must make exertions to restore our export trade and re-equip our industry. The shortage of houses, both permanent and emergency, must be grappled with as if it were a wartime measure (cheers). Active steps must be taken to relieve the shortage of civilian goods.

"As stated in the White Paper to be published to-day the existing system of allocating manpower to the forces and various industries will be main-

Govt. Move To Avert Milk Traders' Strike

BOMBAY, Thursday.

An emergent meeting of the Food Advisory Council was held this evening at the Secretariat to consider the situation created by the threat of strike on Nov. 20, held out by a section of the milk trade.

After fully considering the issues, the Council recommended that the signatories to the representation should be given a further opportunity of seeing the Director of Civil Supplies (Milk) to-morrow (Nov. 17), that the Government should do their best to rectify any genuine grievances, subject to the paramount necessity of the future organisation of Bombay's milk trade, and that if to-morrow the signatories were not prepared to call off the threatened strike, the Government should take all necessary steps to deal with the situation.

The Government has accepted the Council's recommendation.

CATTLE OWNERS' DECISION.

The Federation of the Milk Cattle Owners' Associations of Bombay and the Suburbs met on Thursday evening and appointed a Committee to carry on negotiations with the Government on their grievances.

BATTLE FOR BUDAPEST

Soviet Storm Troops Pouring Through New Breakthrough Area

MOSCOW, Nov. 16.

From Reuter's special correspondent—Thursday)—Soviet storm battalions are today pouring through the new breakthrough area ten miles from Budapest towards the city's eastern outskirts.

Hungo-German position in the Capital has again become critical. Another Soviet armoured spearhead is thrusting out to sever Budapest's last communication line with the north-east. The City's troubled reprieve is drawing to a close.

There are increasing signs of Hungarian desertions to the Russians. Hungarian officers and men in the latest batch of voluntary prisoners told their captors that the Germans are stripping Hungarian factories and evacuating the country's industrial equipment into Germany. The capture of a Danube River island on the Budapest sector was reported by the "Red Star" today. It fell into Russian hands after Marshal Malinovsky's men had crossed the river several days ago.

In Italy

Florence-Forli Road In Allied Hands

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS, MEDITERRANEAN, Nov. 16: The Allied communique today reported that the Florence-Forli road is now entirely in Allied hands.

North of Forli, leading troops have reached the river Montone on a wide front.

Greater part of the German Army facing the Eighth Army sector has now been withdrawn to new positions behind Marshal Kesselring's Montone River Cosino Canal Defence Line. Allied patrols are now only five miles from Faenza.

LANDING ON MELOS ISLAND

Mediterranean Allied Force Advance Headquarters, Nov. 16: Today's communique said:

"NAVY: On November 14 a small commando landing was made on the island of Melos. Casualties were inflicted on the enemy and prisoners were taken.

Allied Armies in Italy: The Eighth Army continues to make progress north and west of Forli. North of Forli our leading troops have reached River Montone on a wide front. West of Forli, British Troops have made further gains near Monte Poggiolo and have captured Petrignone. Further west Polish troops have improved their positions north of the Florence-Forli road which is now entirely in our hands. In the 5th Army sector there were no significant changes in our forward positions, but patrols have been active along the entire front.

AIR: A small number of heavy bombers attacked targets in southern Austria and Yugoslavia yesterday. Adverse weather caused the cancellation of most operations yesterday, and only 250 sorties were flown by the M.A.A.F.

NATIONAL DISASTER FOR AUSTRALIA

SYDNEY, Nov. 16.

The Australian Minister of Commerce and Agriculture, Mr. William Scully, stated in the House of Representatives to-day that the drought in Australia this year was "a national disaster ranking with those of 1902 and 1914."

Line-Clear For Ex Congress M. L. A.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

Mr. Thirumala Row, a former member of the Central Assembly, has been informed that his disqualification for election to the Central Legislature has been removed.

The disqualification was imposed in 1941 following his conviction in connection with individual satyagraha.—A. P.

JAIPRAKASH NARAYAN

Interview Allowed With Legal Adviser

(From Our Correspondent)

LAHORE, Nov. 16.

Jaiparkash Narayan, General Secretary, All-India Congress Socialist Party detained in the Punjab since last year was allowed to have an interview with his legal advisor Malik Jiwanlal Kapur, Barrister-at-law.

The interview took place under orders of the Lahore High Court as a result of the 'habeas corpus' petition filed by Mr. Jaiprakash Narayan from his detention cell. He was brought to the Civil Secretariate and the interview took place from 4 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. under the supervision of a C.I.D. official. His case is coming up tomorrow before the Lahore High Court.

Germans Evacuate Two Moselle Forts

Allied Progress Continues In All Sectors

LONDON, November 16.

The German news agency says that the Moselle Forts of Metrich and Illangen have been evacuated.

(From Reuter's special correspondent with the British Second Army—Thursday): General Dempsey's spearhead, driving down the main road from Weert, are today within four and a half miles of the vital Maas bastion town of Roermond with the capture of Baexem. The town of Hevthuijzen and Gratham, five and a half miles north-west and six miles west of Roermond respectively, have also been seized.

"The operation is going very well", General Dempsey's spokesman said today.

ADVANCE IN WEERT AREA

S.H.A.E.F., PARIS, Nov. 16: General Eisenhower's 'communique' today states: "Allied forces continued to advance in the Weert area yesterday pushing forward to a depth of 7,000 yards despite difficult roads and enemy mines. Transportation targets and gun positions in the Thionvills area were attacked by a small number of fighterbombers. In this sector, our ground forces cleared Ullange, and farther south Feves and Quaraille have been liberated. We repulsed counter-attacks in the Enschweiler Landrof area. Our forces are in Morkhingen, Baronweiler and other units have reached the Marsal area and village of Harraucourt. North-east of Bacoara, our troops freed Sainte Pole after hard fighting. In this sector, the enemy holds commanding ground and our progress is low. Constant pressure continued to force a slow enemy withdrawal south-east of Bruyeres.

In the Belfort ector, our troops advanced several miles in the Doubs river area. A number of villages have been liberated including Marvelise, Montenois, Lougresbn Escot and Courcey. Several hundred prisoners have been taken.

ADVANCE NORTH OF METZ

From Reuter's special correspondent, United States Third Army Headquarters (Thursday). North of Metz American troops advanced three miles to the village of Woippy less than a mile and a half from the city.

South of Metz, American infantry took Eugny, two miles to south-east. To the west the Germans retook Fort Hubert four miles from Metz.

Woods and strategic high ground north of Dieuze are firmly in American hands.

German gains made in the Thionville area bridgehead are six miles deep in some sectors.

PROGRESS IN ALL SECTORS

LONDON, Nov. 16: (From Reuter's special correspondent at the 21st Army Group Headquarters—Thursday)—General Dempsey's surprise attack from the east side of the Dutch salient towards the Maas river is continuing to make good progress. Many mines are still being encountered and the going is not fast, because the ground is difficult and cut by ditches and rivulets.

British forces are now within one mile of the Maas at Wessem. Raexem and Heijtsuijzen were taken after a general advance down the main road west of the Meuse. General Montgomery's spokesman said "there are many signs of a regular enemy withdrawal."

Progress continues in all sectors. There is no stiffening resistance, but mines and boobytraps are still being met.—Reuter.

"SHORT-SHRIFT FOR PHILLIPS".

U. S. Press Campaign Against India

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

Unlike Drew Pearson's first Phillips' Report, his revelation of the second Phillips' report has passed virtually unnoticed by editorial writers.

On the other hand, news dispatches on the work of the Indian delegation to the International Business Conference in Rye have been fairly prominently featured in New York papers.

In an article on British policy in the Atlanta constitution, Ralph Jones writes: "India is torn by internal political conflicts for which Britain is not responsible and these Indian factions have not failed to turn loose a flood of propaganda in the United States, which, because it is factionally inspired, is contradictory and confusing. The Cripps' offer is there for India to accept any time Indians themselves unite in accepting it. They are entirely free to make their own constitution and choose between Dominion Status and complete Independence."

Alex Small concluding an article in the "Chicago Tribune" on wartime India, reviews the Phillips affair saying "Lord Linlithgow gave Phillips short-shrift and later in London Phillips was contemptuously dismissed by Mr. Churchill."—Reuter.

INDORE HIGH COURT SERVES NOTICES ON BAR ASSOCIATION

INDORE, Nov. 16.

A full bench of the Indore High Court served notices on the Indore Bar Association to-day through its Secretary and Messrs. Bhanudas Shah and G. R. Dighe, under Section 3 of the Indore Contempt of Court Act and Section 18 of the Indore Pleaders' Act asking them to show cause why action should not be taken against them under the Acts.

It may be recalled that Messrs. Shah and Dighe had moved and seconded respectively a resolution in the General Meeting of the Indore Bar Association which was carried "nem com" and which amounted to a censure against Rai Bahadur Justice Rangilal, Chief Justice of the Indore High Court who has since resigned. It may also be mentioned that Mr. Bhanudas Shah is a prominent member of the Bar and also the President of the Indore State People's Conference.

An emergent meeting of the Executive of the Bar Association has been convened for November 19 to consider the situation arising out of the notices.—United Press.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (DECEMBER.)

	New York, Nov. 16.
Previous Closing	21.77
To-day's Opening	21.74
Difference	—03
To-day's Closing	21.66
Difference	—11

No World Peace Without Social Justice To Oppressed Peoples

Sir C. B. Mehta's Plea For Commercial Treaty Between India And U.S.A.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.

Mr. G. L. Mehta, Deputy Leader, Indian Delegation to the International Business Conference in a speech to-day said "if the British wanted to have a settlement of the Indian problem they could have it to-morrow. They could also find no one more reasonable than Mr. Gandhi. India may be the underdog of the universe, but future peace and international stability are impossible unless social justice is done to the oppressed peoples of the world".

Sir Chunilal Mehta, Leader of the Delegation, emphasised the importance of the industrialization of India and urged the establishment of a commercial treaty between the United States and India.

In response to a question, Sir Chunilal said "industrialisation is practicable in India. The Americans in India can come and trade there as fully as they like. But Indians coming to the United States can not trade as fully as they would like. If commercial treaties are concluded, then Indians can trade in the United States as fully as citizens of other Nations".

Indian Shipping Must Be Strengthened

RYE, (New York), Nov. 15.

India's place in the world as a possessor of mercantile marine must be lawfully recognised in any international arrangements or agreements, declared the Indian Delegation to the International Business Conference in a statement here to-day.

The statement said: "The Indian shipping industry is anxious not so much for expansion during the war as for replacement of tonnage that has been lost, and will be lost during the war. No major industry in India has suffered more as a result of the war than shipping. India's shipping interests therefore have demanded that the financial strength and resources of the industry be strengthened in order that it can face postwar conditions of competition and depression. The development of India's shipping in the post-war period is a matter of vital importance to the country. What Indian industrial interests and the Indian public are concerned with is the position of India in the schemes of international co-operation. They are entitled to ask whether such plans include a due recognition of India's needs and interests and tend to fulfil India's national maritime requirements".

The statement emphasised: "An international shipping policy must provide room for adequate development and participation of the national maritime marine of a country like India which desires to have its legitimate share in the overseas trade of the country and especially the adjacent trades in the Indian Ocean and the orient."—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

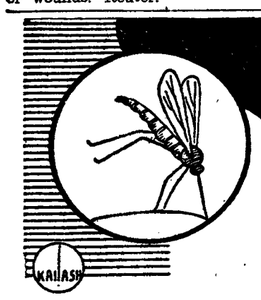
ALUR STATION BURNING CASE ACCUSED ACQUITTED

HUBLI, Nov. 16: The District and Sessions Judge of Dharwar has acquitted all the six accused in the Alur Station Burning Case. The accused had been sentenced to two years R.I. each by the lower court.—A. P.

BUDAPEST ON EVE OF WAR OF BARRICADES.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent in Moscow, Nov. 16: Budapest is on the eve of a war of barricades. The Red Army is clearing up the last fortified villages in a highly concentrated battleground on the City's fringes. Hundreds of Germans are crossing to the Soviet lines to surrender while others are fast losing all confidence in their Hungarian Allies.—Reuter.

NIP THAT MALARIA IN THE BUD!



There is no waiting for "Malarofil" to act. It rapidly passes through the system, gains entry to the blood and immediately its marvellous properties are released. It brings down the temperature—makes you feel soothed when nerves attack you.

You'll find Sure relief in
'MALAROFIL'
LESCO CHEMICAL WORKS LTD: LAHORE-JOHNPORE
LE.3
A DALMIA JAIN LESCO ENTERPRISE!

LAND TRUST OF INDIA, LTD.
—A first class Dividend paying concern—
"SHARE DEALERS' HOUSE"
12, Chowringhee Sq., Calcutta.
YOUR MONEY IS AT ITS BEST
—when invested in our—
FIXED DEPOSITS
accepted at the rates of
FOR

3 months	3½%	5 & 6 years	6%
6 months	4%	7 years	6½%
9 months	4½%	8 years	6½%
1 & 2 years	5½%	9 years	6½%
3 & 4 years	5½%	10 years	7%

LAND TRUST'S SCHEME FOR HAVING VALUABLE LAND IN INDIA'S EVERY BIG INDUSTRIAL CITY IS BEING GRADUALLY EXECUTED.

SOOTHE THAT RAW THROAT!
Taste Good...Do Good. Medicated with ingredients of Vicks VapoRub
VICKS MEDICATED COUGH DROPS

FREE
Youngmen send four annas stamps to first get the miraculously effective medicines for your disorders free for trial to get convinced of their action and avoid deception. For full details send -/4/- stamps for the Guide Book (110 pages). Correspondence kept confidential.
KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A., Famous Specialist Gold-medalist, Chamberlain Road, Lahore.

A NEW FAZALBHOY SERVICE to Business & Industry

The wartime growth of her industries is India's opportunity. When peace comes there will be greater industrial expansion. Listed here are manufacturing industries which can profitably be developed, if recent advances in factory technique and equipment are utilised fully. Consult our Post-War Development Department.

Factory Establishments
Glass and Pottery
Plastics
Oils and Fats
Soaps and candles
Perfumes and Essential Oils
Cosmetics
Film Studios
Metal & Wood Working
Prefabricated Houses

FOR FURTHER DETAILS FROM:
THE INFORMATION OFFICER,
POST-WAR DEVELOPMENT DEPT.
FAZALBHOY LTD.
16, NEW QUEEN'S ROAD, BOMBAY

PREPARE FOR TOMORROW'S OPPORTUNITIES WITH TODAY'S PROFITS { Buy Defence Bonds

EPIC OF KOHIMA

KOHIMA
...You had never heard of it. It was far away, hidden some five thousand feet up in the hills of Assam. But suddenly, towards the end of April and in May, the name was in the headlines. Kohima was a front page story for weeks.

TOJO'S MEN had crossed the Chindwin. Slowly, stealthily, they had reached the slopes of Mt. Japvo and the Naga Hills. They took the few ridges and hills around Kohima. The Nagas had been driven out of their villages. Their houses were burnt, their huts were razed to the ground, their pigs, poultry and crops looted and plundered. "INVASION OF INDIA" the Japanese called it.

Events moved rapidly You remember the names: the Jail Hill, the GPT Ridge, FSD Ridge, the Pimple and lastly the D.C.'s Bungalow. It was a bitter battle.

BUT OUR MEN, GREATLY OUTNUMBERED, NOT ONLY HELD OFF THE ATTACK, BUT ULTIMATELY SMASHED THE FOE AND WON A GREAT VICTORY.

This was the epic of Kohima. Here our men proved that...

"WE CAN BEAT THE JAPS and we ARE BEATING THEM BACK"

AAA 1306

ISSUED BY THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT

Nehru Birthday Tributes

"WORLD'S GREATEST ANTI-FASCIST"

Jawaharlal Is Symbol Of Nationalist India, Working For International Order, Says Ethel Mannin

LONDON, Nov. 16.

"It is no exaggeration to claim for Nehru that he was the first statesman of international repute to foresee the danger of Fascism", said Mr. George Padmore, a Negro, speaking at the meeting held yesterday at the Conway Hall under the auspices of the Swaraj House to celebrate Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's 55th birthday.

"England has no face", added Mr. Padmore, "to talk of war for democracy so long as the greatest anti-Fascist in the world, Jawaharlal Nehru, is being held in British jail without trial."

Addressing the gathering held under the auspices of the India League at the Kingsway Hall, Mr. Gordon Schaffer, star writer of the "Reynolds News", struck a new note.

BR. LABOUR'S PLEDGE

He revealed that most of the progressive labour organisations in the country—Transport Workers Union, Engineers Union, Shop Stewards Union, Women's Guilds, Co-operative Movement etc.,—had passed resolutions all over Britain in support of India's independence demand.

"But", he said, "we are not doing the job. We British people who have defeated Nazism in Europe can defeat Fascism at home and in the East if we do the job. We will fight for India and the release of Pandit Nehru is a pledge we give to our Indian comrades struggling for their freedom. If we do not make the war in the East a war of liberation of the people of Asia we shall be failing in our duty".

SINISTER INFLUENCES

Mr. Schaffer also revealed that sinister influences are at work to sabotage the Indian case being heard or brought before the World Trade Union Congress which is meeting in London early in January next year.

He asked the Indian Trade Union Congress to take note of this and prepare for it.—United Press.

TORCHBEARER OF INDIA'S FREEDOM

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Mr. Edward Thompson at a well attended meeting arranged by the India League to celebrate the 55th birthday of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru said: Empire statesmanship must find some way for using this great brilliant man at this time when political issues are so confered instead of letting him not in jail.

Mr Gordon Schaffer foreign Editor of the "Reynolds News" said he wondered why British Government was allowing itself to act in this barbarous way keeping behind the prison bars, a pronounced anti-Fascist, anti-Japanese—a man who will live in History when Amerys and Griggs will be forgotten overnight.

Col. Hans Kahle said: "We honour a man who supported us in our struggle against Fascism in Spain"

Col. Don Bodrigo Gil president of Hoger Espanel (Spanish House) conidded that Spaniards will be welcoming Pt. Nehru back to Spain which will eventually be free from Fascism.

CZECHS PROUD OF HIM.

A Czech woman who recently acquired British Nationality and who had met Nehru at Prague said: "If Mr. Chamberlain, Sir W. Runciman and Lord Halifax had the foresight of Nehru, we would have prevented Munich We, Czechs are proud of the man who told the Duce "I refuse to shake hand with the butcher of millions of Abyssinians".

Mr. S. A. Dange said, it was unnecessary for him as an Indian to pay any special tribute to Pt. Nehru because the very fact that he was an Indian was itself a tribute. He said the Indian National Congress did not stand for this or that class but it was a united front. Its resolution regarding Fundamental Rights showed that it was hundred per cent Democratic.

Continuing Mr. Dange said "Pt. Nehru, next to Gandhiji is the best exponent of the interests of the workers and peasants. He is anti-Landlords, anti-Princes and advocates international unity of the exploited peoples."

At a public meeting arranged at the Swaraj House which was addressed by several Englishmen belonging to the I.L.P. and Dr. N. N. Gangulee who presided said: "This is the occasion to remind our rulers that you cannot talk of democracy and Anti-Fascism until you release Pt. Nehru, who is the torchbearer of India's National Freedom."

Ethel Mannin said: "Pt. Nehru is the symbol of Nationalist India working for international order. So let us wish him many happy returns in Free India in a Free Socialist world".

Others speakers included Miss Margaret Pope who recently returned from India and George Padmore West Indies writer and publicist.

Lahore Tributes To Jawaharlal Nehru

(From Our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

Fifty-fifth birthday of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was celebrated by Lahore Students Union at Y. M. C. A. Hall this evening when speeches were made eulogising his services to the country, his unparalleled sacrifices for the upliftment of the masses for over 20 years and demanding his release.

No Repudiation Of Pretoria Agreement

Governor-General Must Withhold Assent To Three Ordinances, Demands Natal Indian Congress

JOHANNESBURG Nov. 15.—Mr. Kajee, Chairman of the Natal Indian Congress, has issued the following statement, setting out the official policy of the Congress. The Pretoria Agreement, accepted by the Prime Minister on April 18, in the presence of the Administrator of Natal and others, established the following points:

That the inherent right of the Indian community to ownership and occupation of property anywhere in Natal remained inviolate, save and except on the question of occupation of dwellings for residential purposes in urban areas, where due to the unreasonable attitude of mind on the part of Europeans on the question of Indians living in close proximity to Europeans a "situation" had arisen.

To meet it, a voluntary arrangement whereby a machinery in the form of a Board composed of two Europeans and two Indians, with a European Judicial Chairman, was to be set up to regulate the future of juxtapesional occupation of dwellings between Europeans and Indians, the Board to have powers of licensing and exempting dwellings, singly or collectively. Thus by its positive action reverting such dwellings to a position as that which prevailed before the passing of the Pegging Act. The machinery was to apply to Durban and its operation was not to extend to their boroughs and townships in Natal, without the necessity having been proved by an enquiry of the Board.

The machinery was designed to meet the temporary situation: and it was accepted that a permanent solution to this question was only to be achieved by the provision of a progressive social housing policy to meet the needs of the Indian community. In brief, the Pretoria Agreement purported: (1) to restore to the Indian community the free rights of acquisition and occupation of property of which the Pegging Act had deprived them. (2), occupation was only to be controlled in individual cases, the merits of which had to be investigated by the Board. No restrictions of a general character in particular areas were contemplated.—

An agreement was issued to the press in the form of a statement from the Prime Minister's office and was conveyed personally to Lord Wavell in a telegram from General Smuts. The Natal provincial administration was entrusted with the sole task of passing the ordinance implementing the agreement. The occupation Control Ordinance, drafted by the Natal Provincial Executive was agreed to and accepted by the Union Government and the Congress is embodying the agreement. The Ordinance was referred to a select committee. It was entirely discarded and the Residential Property Regulation Ordinance emerged.

THREE ORDINANCES

Together with it were the Natal Housing Board Ordinance and the Expropriation Board Ordinance. The three ordinances were recently passed by the Natal Provincial Council in the face of the strenuous objection of the Congress. The Ordinances materially and gravely depart from the terms of the Agreement and seek to deal permanently with the Indian life of Natal in such a way as to relegate Indians and other non-Europeans to a position of political and economic social inferiority. The Congress therefore urges that the Prime Minister must, in order to preserve the Pretoria Agreement: (1) prevail on the Governor-General in Council to withhold his assent from the three Ordinances in as much their departure from the Pretoria Agreement is tantamount to a repudiation of that agreement.

(2) Implement the Pretoria Agreement and deproclaim the Pegging Act in accordance with the undertaking.

(3) Reaffirm the important principle embodied in the Pretoria Agreement that any solution of the Indian question must rest in negotiation with the Union Government and the Indian community, and thus reassure South African Indians that the protection afforded under the South African Act will be maintained in face of the claim recently made by the Natal Administration that the Provincial Council of Natal was sovereign in these matters and had the power and authority to regulate the life of Natal Indians according to its will.

In the above attitude, the Natal Indian Congress, representing the Indian people of Natal, and the people and Government of India are at one. —Reuter.

MANILAL GANDHI'S CONTENTION

Pretoria Pact As Unacceptable As Ordinance

WARDHA, Nov. 16.

In the course of a statement Mr. Manilal Gandhi says:

"An impression is created in the minds of the public that all would have been well if the Pretoria Agreement was honoured. In fact, as I have already stated in a previous statement and confirmed by leaders of the Nationalist Group in the Transvaal Indian Congress, the Pretoria Agreement is as unacceptable to the Indian community as the Ordinance in question. The fundamental point in the Pretoria Agreement was that the principle of statutory segregation was accepted by the Indian community and the Government in return would restore the right of acquiring ownership of land for investment purpose."

"Brave beginning has been made in the Central Assembly by Dr. Khare, adds Mr. Gandhi. "I have already suggested that action should commence with the recall of the High Commissioner. Let it not be said as hinted at by Sir Syed Raza Ali, ex-High Commissioner for India in the Union of South Africa, that the High Commissioner was kicked out before he could be recalled."—United Press.

Government Explains

Why Private Doctor Was Not Allowed To Syed Mahmud

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

In the Council of State to-day The Home Secretary Mr. Conran Smith replied in the affirmative to a question by Mr. P. N. Sapru as to whether Dr. Syed Mahmud was not allowed to have himself examined by his own doctors at his own expense, when he was discharging blood from the mouth. The Home Secretary explained, it was because he had full confidence in the medical officer in charge and in the various specialists who were called in from time to time to examine Dr. Mahmud. He added that the source of the bleeding to which Mr. Sapru referred was Dr. Mahmud's gums. To supplementaries, Mr. Conran Smith replied that Government had made very adequate arrangements for medical treatment and Dr. Mahmud was seen by six specialists.

Relaxations of the cut imposed under the Paper Control (Economic) Order 1944, have been granted to various publishers of the Quoran and to those of the religious books of other communities, said Sir Akbar Hydari, Secretary, Civil Supplies and Industries Department, replying to Raja Yuveraj Dutta Singh.

The Council of State, discussing non-official resolutions, to-day agreed to Mr. P. N. Sapru's resolution recommending to the Governor-Generul-in-Council to take steps to protect and safeguard the rights of Indians by bilateral agreements between the Government of India and the Governments of the Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates in which Indians were resident or domiciled and to which in future emigration might be permitted by the Government of India.

Mr. V. V. Kalikar then moved a resolution recommending to the Governor-General-in-Council to drop the scheme of temporary reinforcement of the civil administration by transfer of army officers and recruit the required personnel for civil administration through the agency of the Federal Public Service Commission.

Mr. P. N. Sapru opposed the ratio of fifty per cent of Europeans to be recruited to the civil administration. The war he said, was used as an excuse for "dumping as many Europeans as possible".

Mr. Hosain Imam thought that those who were not wanted in the army were transferred to the civil administration.

Pandit Kunzru said that he was afraid that the military officers would be permanently added to the civil cadre, and it was an effort to a certain extent to militarise the administration.

The Home Secretary, Mr. Conran Smith, replying to some of the objections raised in the course of the debate emphasised the temporary nature of the appointments. He further explained that the officers now recruited would not have any superior claims for permanent posts, and they would be on an equal footing with the rest of the officers in the army with requisite educational qualifications for competing for the war reserve posts. He said he was distressed at the raising of a racial issue. It should not be forgotten that it was part of a common effort in the war against a common enemy.

The House rejected the resolution 14 voting for and 22 against.

EPIDEMICS IN BIHAR.

The Government accepted Mr. Sri Narain's Mathas resolution recommending immediate and adequate relief to the people of North Bihar, suffering from epidemics and to remove causes of the recurrence of epidemics after due investigation.

The mover said that this was the second time during 11 years that Bihar was faced with a major disaster. Up to the end of the first week of August, he said, 1,96,000 deaths from epidemics were reported. He complained that the Government had not made suitable arrangements for the treatments of cholera.

Sir Jogendra Singh, accepting the resolution said that he did not wish to minimise the disaster in Bihar.

The resolution was passed unanimously, the House adjourned till tomorrow. The Council of State is expected to conclude its autumn session on November 20.—A. P.

NEW BANKING LEGISLATION

Power Of Control To Reserve Bank

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

The Finance Member introduced a Bill in the Assembly to-day to consolidate and amend the law relating to banking companies. The statement of objects and reasons explains that the need has been felt for some time for separate legislation for the regulation of banking in India. This need has become more insistent on account of the considerable development of banking in recent years, especially the rapid growth of banking resources and of the number of banks and branches. Regard must also be had to the fact that the banking system is likely, in the post-war period, to be more vulnerable by reason of the great expansion, both quantitatively and relatively, that has taken place in Demand Deposits as compared with the Time Deposits, during the war years.

The main features of the Bill are: 1. A simple definition of banking with the object of limiting the scope of the legislation to institutions in which the funds are deposited primarily to ensure their safety and ready withdrawability 2. Prescription of minimum capital standards: 3. Prohibition of trading with a view to eliminating non-banking risks; 4. Inclusion in the scope of the legislation of banks incorporated or registered outside British India; 5. Provision of an expeditious procedure for liquidation; 6. Inspection of the books and accounts of a bank by the Reserve Bank when necessary; 7. Empowering the Central Government to take action against banks conducting their affairs in a manner detrimental to the interests of the depositors; and 8. Prescription of a special form of balance sheet and conferring of powers on the Reserve Bank to call for periodical returns.

The Assembly agreed to the circulation of two official Bills, namely, Mr. J. D. Tyson's Bill to create a rice research fund and a committee to administer the fund, and Dr. Ambedkar's Bill to amend the Payments of Wages Act.

Mr. Tyson and Dr. Ambedkar originally moved reference of their Bills to a Select Committee but later agreed to the strong demand made in the House for circulation.

The Assembly adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

REWARD Rs. 500

World's Greatest Herbal Invention of the 20th Century A wonder of the wonders. A boon for ladies and gents Hair-Kill Lotion

Daily Shave, no longer a necessity Throw away your razors.

The lotion is absolutely harmless and without any after effects. It has the rare property of removing the hair from the roots leaving the skin soft, smooth and velvety People of both sexes use HAIR KILL LOTION throughout India and Ceylon and highly speak of its miraculous results To make it popular it is priced at Rs 3 packing and postage extra A cash reward of Rs 500 would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order now lest you be disappointed.

IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE, P.B. 61, (B.C.B.) LAHORE.

BOMBAY RACES
SECOND MEETING
SATURDAY, 18TH NOVEMBER, 1944
THE HUGHES MEMORIAL PLATE.

DAY TICKETS:
1st Enclosure { Gentlemen Rs. 3-0-0 / Ladies .. 2-0-0
2nd Enclosure 1-4-0

SEASON TICKET (Excluding Hospital Day and War Fund Meetings.)
Gentlemen .. Rs. 50-0-0
Ladies .. Rs. 25-0-0

Racing Under Ideal Conditions

MILESTONES on the road to INDIA'S efficiency
new high standards in
STAG BRAND TEXTILE STARCHES
TAPIOCA, TAMARIND, TEXTRINE
and other sizing materials
manufactured by:
FEDERAL STARCH INDUSTRIES (INDIA)
(PROPS: Salem Trading Co., Shevapet, Salem)
sole selling agents:
'Phone: 24037 24802 — MESSRS. J. G. PRABHU, National Insurance Building, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay — Grams: 'Prabhubros' Bombay.

"PARKER" (FOUNTAIN PEN)
FREE.

SUNRISE (Surya Kiran) is an excellent wonderful tonic for health. Vigour and Vitality. If you are weak and run down to old age at 30-40 put this great scientific invention to the test and enjoy the real pleasures of life. No price for youth and no youth for price You can be young by taking Sun Rise. Price Rs 4/- per bottle only A Parker or Rover Fountain Pen England Made with 14 ct gold nib will be given to the First few purchasers of every town, who will make the medicine popular by selling through distribution of our hand bills in the town according to the instructions which we send with the medicine. Note:—Before taking delivery of the medicine see the remarks of "First Purchaser" - of the V. P. Parcel so that you may be enlisted to get the pen Free Send order to-day for one bottle of medicine as to-morrow may be too late. such chance comes rare in life. Write in English Order to

THE EUROPEAN SCIENTIFIC LABORATORIES,
Ferozepur City (N.I.)

Rub it well where it pains...
CALCUTTA CHEMICAL PRODUCT
NOPAIN
THE BEST ANALGESIC BALM

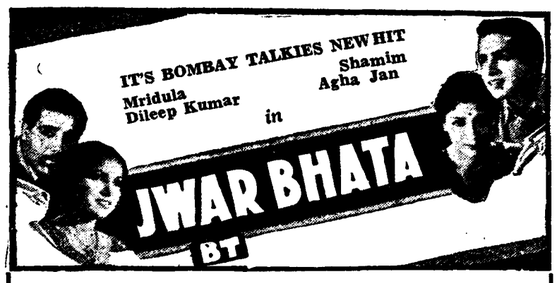
Feeling FRESH

Acidity corrected
Constipation relieved
Depression dispelled

THANKS TO STANDARD'S
MILK OF MAGNESIA
SPW
STANDARD PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS LTD., CALCUTTA

Sole Distributors for Bombay:
M/s. FAIRDEAL CORP. LTD.,
Lakshmi Building, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Digitized with financial assistance from the
Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017



Directed and Produced by
AMIYA CHAKRABARTY
Coming **Majestic**

To-day BOMBAY HEARS the RESOUNDINGLY MELODIOUS Full Throated voice of
The BLIND SINGER of BENGAL K. C. DEY
REACHING HEIGHTS OF
ENNOBLING EMOTION
in RANJIT'S musical social

ANDHERA

Director: ASPI.

SITARA - ARUN - BABY MADHURI & K. C. DEY

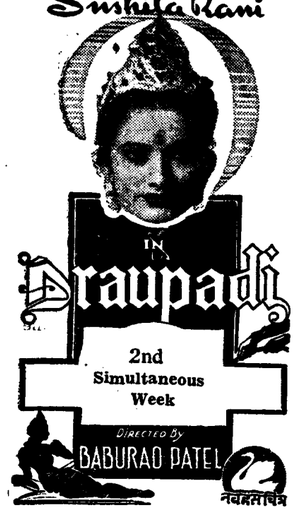
Released Thru Tulsi Film Distributors 318 Vadgadi B'bay 7.

From TODAY at
TAJ Talkies Grant Road

Today. Sat. Sun. Matinee at 1-45.
Daily: 4-30, 7-15, & 10-45.

Advance Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.

Sushila Rani



IMPERIAL
and
ROXY
Daily 4 p.m., 7 p.m., 10 p.m.
Rush For Advance Bookings

'ALL COLOURED COPY
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S

SHAKUNTALA

Starring: JAYASHREE
62ND DIAMOND WEEK

Plans Open 10 to 1 & 3 to 7 p. m

Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sat., Sun., To-day 1-15 p.m.

SWASTIK

A rare opportunity to see a wonder picture!
WALT DISNEY'S TECHNICOLOR TRIUMPH'
SNOW WHITE AND SEVEN DWARFS
(Full length colour cartoon)
Sunday 19th Nov. 10-30 a.m.

NOVELTY

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
RANJIT'S **SHAHENSHAH BABAR**
KHURSHID & SHEIKH MUKHTAR
Director: VAJAHAT MIRZA

CAPTIVATED BY LUST

He forgot himself until?

Rajkamal's Social Classic
PARBAT PE APNA DERA
Directed by
V. SHANTARAM
8th WEEK OF RECORD CROWDS
Plans open 10 to 12-30, 4-30 to 7 p.m.
Daily 4, 7, 10. Sat. Sun. 1 p.m.
NOVELTY

6TH CROWDED WEEK
SOBHAGYA PICTURES
RONAQ
Director: DWARKA KHOSLA
Motilal, Suvarnalata, Chaplie, Chandramohan, Chandraprabha
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays: 1-45 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 and 4-30 to 6
An EVERGREEN Release

7TH WEEK OF GLORY!
MAZHAR ART PRODUCTIONS'
BARI BAAT
Suvarnalata, Ulhas, Yakub
Produced and Directed by: MAZHAR KHAN
CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 7, & 9-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 5 p.m.
An EVERGREEN Release

FROM TODAY
Prakash Pictures'
PANGHAT
Ratnamala, Umakant, Jivan
Director: K. J. Parmar & Mahesh Chunawala
CITY LIGHT
(B. B. Matunga)
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sunday, Holidays 1-15 p. m.

NOTE: Complimentaries entirely suspended.
STRAND
Colaba. 'Phone 36226.
Daily at 3-15, 6-15 and 9-15 p.m.
FIRST RUN IN BOMBAY
THE VOICE
THAT'S THRILLING
THE WORLD!

Sunday Morning Show 10-30
WALT DISNEY'S
"PINOCCHIO"
(IN TECHNICOLOR)

EROS

India's most hygienic Theatre
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
'Phone 22519

The all-loving, all-laughing, all-singing musical hit!
BETTY GRABLE
Martha RAYE, Joe E. BROWN
in 20th Century-Fox's
"PIN UP GIRL".
(IN TECHNICOLOR)
with
CHARLIE SPIVAK & BAND
Also—Latest War News

Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
Don AMECHE Gene TIERNEY & Charles COBURN
in Ernst Lubitsch's
"HEAVEN CAN WAIT"
(in Technicolor)

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
M-E-T-R-O
Esplanade Rd., Tel No. 31045
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m
REVIVED BY POPULAR REQUEST

IN *Gorgeous* TECHNICOLOR!

Sunday Morning 10 a.m.
CLARK GABLE
MYRNA LOY
in Metro Goldwyn Mayer's
"PARNELL"

REGAL

Air-Cooled: 'Ph. 35017
SECOND WEEK
At 4 & 8-45 p.m.

Rates: Rs. 4, 2 & 1
EXTRA SHOW
Sunday, 10 a.m.
Rates Rs. 2-8, 1-4 & -|10|-

Sri Pattom Thanu Pillay, President-elect of the Second Bombay All-Malayalee conference.

BOMBAY ALL MALAYALEE CONFERENCE.

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the Second Bombay All Malayalee Conference, Mr. C. B. Kumar presiding, it was resolved to give a public reception to Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai and Prof. Joseph Mundassery when they arrive by Poona Fast Passenger, at 7 p.m., at Dadar (G. I. P.) Railway Station, to-day (Friday). The open session of the Conference will begin from 1-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Sunderbai Hall (Churchgate), on November 19th.

Govt. And Teachers' War Allowance

To enable the managements of non-Government Secondary Schools to pay higher dearness allowance to teachers, the Bombay Government has agreed to increase its share of the expenditure involved from 20 per cent to 30 per cent. This expenditure has been sanctioned as a special non-recurring grant for 1944-45, and is subject to the condition that the dearness allowance paid to teachers is within the limits laid down by the Government for their employees.

YAWAL MUNICIPALITY: The period of supersession of Yawal Municipality has been extended by the Bombay Government to January 15, 1946.

CHIEF MARKETING OFFICER: From November 16 the headquarters of the Chief Marketing Officer, Bombay, have been transferred from Bombay to Poona, where they will be located in the compound of the Commissioner's Office.

JINNAH GREETS NEW SIND MINISTER

KARACHI, Nov. 16.

Mr M. A. Jinnah in the course of a telegram to Khan Bahadur Mir Ghulam Ali, Home Minister, says:—Glad your appointment gives you further better opportunity to serve Muslims selflessly. I am sure you will be loyal to policy and programme of All-India Muslim League. Wish you success in your new career.—A. P.

EXCELSIOR

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Here is a drama that belongs to all countries and all times.... the story of a brave people daring and doing all for life, for freedom, for justice!

Undercover
Undercover
Undercover

enacted by

John Clements,
Tom Walls,
Godfrey Tearle
Michael Wilding,
Mary Morris

United Artists Release

"An epic which will go down in history wherever tales of the sea are told"

commencing TODAY at the

NEW EMPIRE

3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

see the story of the

San Demetrio London

and thrill to a screen spectacle as dramatic and as thrilling as you have always wished for.

British Distributors' Release

WITH A LARGE AND DISTINGUISHED CAST

WEEK No. 14
at MINERVA
Daily 4, 7 & 10
Sat. Sun. Holidays: Matinees at 1-0
A Famous Release
DASSI

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Shud 2, 2001.
Muslim: Zilkad 30, 1363.
Parsi: Khordad 15, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-47 a.m. Sunset: 7-0 p.m.
Hightide: 1-44, 13-31
Lowtide: 7-41, 19-34.

To-day's Engagements

SHERIFF'S NOTICE.

Special and Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Anniversary of the Lodge, Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION: Foundation Day at the Besant Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 6-45 p.m. (S. T.).

BOMBAY PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY: A paper on "The Principle of Indeterminacy" by Prof. B. B. Deshpande at the Government Law College, at 6 p.m.

A.-I. STUDENTS' FEDERATION: The Eighth Conference of the All-India Students' Federation will be held in Calcutta during the coming Chr.stmas holidays.

PROTEST AGAINST VIRAMGAM CORDON: Under the auspices of Kathiawar Praja Mandal and Cutch Praja Parishad public meeting at Bhatia Mahajan Wadi, Kalbadevi, at 6-30 p.m. (N. S. T.), to protest against Viramgam Custom Order. The Mayor of Bombay, Sjt. N. T. Master will preside.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER and the Councillors of Ward No. 18. (Parbhadevi Worli) will meet near the junction of DeLisle Road and Gokhale Road, to-morrow (Saturday), at 6-51 a.m. (B. T.), 8-30 a.m. (S. T.), to go round the ward. Residents of the ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

A.-I. WOMEN'S EXECUTIVE.

BOMBAY, Nov. 16: The next half-yearly meeting of the Standing Committee of the All-India Women's Conference will be held in Delhi on November 27, 28 and 29 at the Lady Irwin College.—United Press.

LOVJI CAMA INTERSCHOOL ELOCUTION COMPETITION

The date and time of the Competition was wrongly stated in the press. The Competition will be held on the 19th November at 5-30 p. m.

This cancels the later date for the competition announced earlier in the press.

On 10th December 1944, at 9-30 a. m. the Tehmuras Doongaji Inter-School Dramatic Competition will be held.

BHALCHANDRA KRISHNA MEMORIAL MEDAL: A meeting of the medical professionals will be held at the Bombay Medical Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge Building, French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 7-30 p.m., when Dr. Rustom Jal Vakil the Sir Bhalchandra Krishna Gold Medallist will read paper on: "Benign Lymphocytic Meningitis of Walgran of Walgren with special reference to Lymphocytic Choric Meningitis or Armstrong's Disease."

B. G. KAMGAR UNION: Mr. S. G. Patkar, the General Secretary of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union (Red Flag) has issued Statement in connection with the announcement of the Bombay Mill-Owners' Association of two months' bonus to its workers for the year 1944, in the course of which it says:—"We appeal to the good sense of the owners and the Government as well, to be 'more alive' to the situation this year and to revise their decision of not granting 3 months' bonus to the workers. It is absolutely necessary to grant this just demand to enthuse the workers to go ahead in their patriotic task of keeping up and increasing production and maintain peace in the major industry in the City."

INDIAN EXPORTERS' ASSOCIATION: The Managing Committee of the Indian Exporters' Association met Mr. Aminudin, I. C. S., the Chief Controller of Exports of the Government of India on Wednesday evening when several questions relating to the export trade of India were discussed. Keen interest was shown by members to know the position of India's export trade after the war and the Government's policy towards this question. The Chief Controller assured that the Commerce Department was examining this question and he would place before the Government exporters' suggestions on this subject if they were sent to him. Amongst other questions discussed were the system of granting direct quotas to representatives of foreign Governments such as Turkey and Iran and the policy governing the issue of licences for the export of matches, tobacco, cotton waste and pepper. The Export Controller promised to look into all these problems and do the needful.

Municipal Workers' Demands

(From A Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Thursday: At a special meeting of the Managing Committee of the Municipal Workers' Union held this evening under the presidentship of Mr. Abdul Sattar a resolution moved by Mr. S. V. Pimpalkhare was unanimously passed declaring full support to the demands relating to increase in basic wages and dearness allowance, leave rules, gratuity and revision of grades, contained in the memorandum submitted by the Municipal Workers' Central Council to the Mayor of Bombay Miss Maniben Kara addressed the meeting.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

FRIDAY, Nov. 17.

(BOMBAY—1)

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m. News (E) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Bhargavram Achrekar 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Bashir Khan 9-30 Songs (H) 9-45 Venubai Dewasthali 10-0 Close down 12-30 Songs (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Songs (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Music (E) 2-30 Close down 5-0 B V Bavdekar 5-15 Sitar 5-30 Bashir Khan 5-45 Bhajans 5-55 Locals 6-0 Aunty Hilda's Half-Hour (E) 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 News (G) 6-50 B V Bavdekar: 7-0 'Uddhottar Shikshana' (M) 7-15 Bashir Khan 7-30 Venubai Dewasthali 7-45 Film Music 8-0 Songs (H) 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Radio Reconnaissance (M) 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-45 World Affairs (G) 10-0 Bashir Khan 10-10 Sarangi 10-25 Bhargavram Achrekar 11-0 Close down.

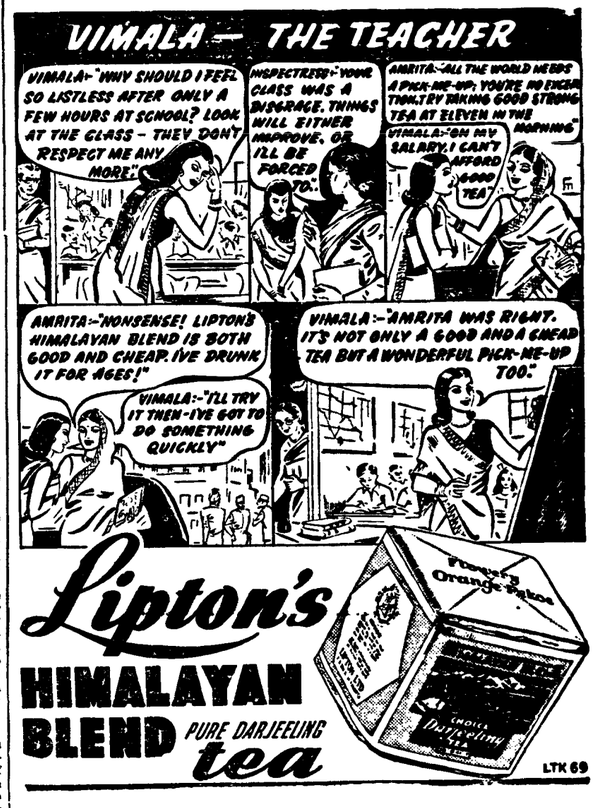
BOMBAY—2

89.15 m. (3,365 kc/s) 8-0 a.m. Naat and Qawwali.

61.48 m (4,880 kc/s) 9-0 String Music.

61.48 m (4,880 kc/s) 7-30 Commercial News 7-42 Interlude 7-45 Calling Rural Listeners 8-15 Bhargavram Achrekar 9-0 A I R Orch. 9-20 Venubai Dewasthali 9-30 Hori Dhamar 10-0 Chamber Music (E) 10-45 Wanda Landowska with Orch. 11-0 Close down.

Make
INDIA
a mighty
power
THE INDIAN MACHINE TOOL MFG. CO., LTD.
THE INDIAN CUTLERY MFG. CO., LTD.
Handsome dividends paid continuously for the last 5 years.
A dividend of 7½% paid in the very first year. Handsome dividends expected next year. Some Ordinary shares are available for transfer.
PHONE CAL. 1817
GRAM: 'INTISH' CAL.
MANAGING AGENTS
INDO-BRITISH ENGINEERS
2, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA.


VIMALA — THE TEACHER
VIMALA:-"WHY SHOULD I FEEL SO LISTLESS AFTER ONLY A FEW HOURS AT SCHOOL? LOOK AT THE CLASS - THEY DON'T RESPECT ME ANY MORE."
INSPECTRESS:-"YOUR CLASS WAS A DISGRACE. THINGS WILL EITHER IMPROVE, OR I'LL BE FORCED TO."
AMRITA:-"ALL THE WORLD NEEDS A PICK-ME-UP. YOU'RE NO EXCEPTION. TRY TAKING GOOD STRONG TEA AT ELEVEN IN THE MORNING"
VIMALA:-"ON MY SALARY, I CAN'T AFFORD GOOD TEA."
AMRITA:-"NONSENSE! LIPTON'S HIMALAYAN BLEND IS BOTH GOOD AND CHEAP. I'VE DRUNK IT FOR AGES!"
VIMALA:-"I'LL TRY IT THEN - I'VE GOT TO DO SOMETHING QUICKLY"
VIMALA:-"AMRITA WAS RIGHT. IT'S NOT ONLY A GOOD AND A CHEAP TEA BUT A WONDERFUL PICK-ME-UP TOO."
Lipton's
HIMALAYAN BLEND PURE DARJEELING tea
LTK 69

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 16: The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 9 hours L. M. T. on 13-11-44:—

Allahabad 90 58 0, BOMBAY 88 75 0, Calcutta 87 64 0.1, Cawnpore 91 57 0, Cuttack 88 65 0, Darjeeling 54 43 0, Delhi 89 58 0, Dehra Dun 81 57 0, Jacobabad 89 59 0, Karachi 94 63 0, Lahore 88 57 0, Lucknow 90 56 0, Madras 82 74 1.3, Nagpur 88 59 0, Patna 87 64 0, Peshawar 70 51 0.1, Shillong 65 46 0, Simla 59 47 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

We believe that any nationality, no matter how small, has the inherent right to its own nationhood.

—F. D. Roosevelt.

The Bombay Chronicle

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS CONFERENCE

At the International Business Conference now in session at Rye, New York, the Indian Delegation led by Sir Chunilal B. Mehta has tried to bring out several important points relating to our economic life which have a close bearing on international trade. Cartels, sterling balances, the rupee ratio, etc., figured prominently at the discussion. Regarding the need for controlling international cartels, there can be no two opinions. These powerful industrial combines, having their sway over the production of certain important articles throughout several countries, have been at the back of forces which make for war. Unless the effort at international collaboration for peace succeeds in controlling the evils of the cartel system, we shall not have world security and expansion of world trade. From the point of view of our own industrial progress, we may refer to one leading instance. The present halting policy of discriminating protection was launched in 1924 with the Steel Protection Act. While this legislation was being forged in India, the International Steel Cartel was formed on the Continent of Europe in which the German, French, Belgian and other steel interests joined hands to capture the world markets. The depreciation of European currencies about this time gave them an incidental advantage and they could dump continental steel in India at phenomenally cheap prices. The calculations of the Tariff Board regarding the selling prices of competing steel coming to India were thoroughly upset and the Steel Protection Act became a dead letter by the time it was signed by the Viceroy. Supplementary legislation had to be passed to help the Indian steel industry which took time and, in the meanwhile, continental steel could be dumped in India. We shall not be surprised if similar gigantic cartels bringing together the resources of several countries try to obtain world domination in certain essential articles after the war. Any such attempt will seriously come in the way of the efforts of countries like ours to develop industries.

Referring to the question of multilateral trade, Sir Chunilal rightly pointed out that India could not accept any such system unless it allowed adequate opportunities to develop our industries. Sir Ardeshar Dalal referred in one of his speeches in Bombay during the last week of October to the liberalising of the policy of protection and the appointment of a permanent Tariff Board, which would take cognisance of questions of protecting industries on its own initiative. We hope, this policy will be defined and its scope indicated soon. The tendency at Internation Conferences is to view things from the point of view of the leading industrial countries and it is good that Sir Chunilal and his colleagues have pointed out the correct angle from which things should be viewed so far as we are concerned.

Referring to the problem of sterling balances, Sir Chunilal made an effective point by drawing attention to the fact that the British Government had purchased goods in India at controlled or low prices, at which the civil population was not able to obtain its supplies. But for this, the sterling balances would have been treble their present size. Mr. A. R. Guinnes of the British delegation has entered the controversy by saying that the disparity of prices pointed out by Sir Chunilal was due to Indian conditions which indicated war profiteering by Indians at the cost of the consumer. Mr. Guinnes further observed that there was no connection between British war purchases and the Bengal famine, which according to him, was due to the loss of Burma and hoarding by Indian holders of stocks. Mr. Guinnes and people of his way of thinking need to be reminded that war profiteering and hoarding became the rule in India as direct consequence of the inflationary policy of the Government of India, which in turn has been forced on India to meet British war expenditure in this country. With rapidly rising prices almost every day from the latter part of 1942 and particularly in the early months of 1943, traders saw the chance of making large profits by hoarding stocks which were rising in money value every day. Let it be admitted that the implications of this policy were not appreciated by the authorities in India in time, and they were not prepared to control the forces which were the direct outcome of their own policy. It was only when the situation grew grave, when loud protests were raised by disinterested economists in the country and when the logic of events led to the tragedy of Bengal, that the Government of India went about hurriedly issuing ordinances and initiating controls, which have yet to be perfected.

While appreciating the work of Sir Chunilal and his colleagues, we may observe that his reference to the possibility of raising the exchange value of the rupee was beside the point. It is true that Sir Chunilal was, perhaps, the first to draw attention to this question before he left Bombay. His remarks were based on certain observations of the Governor of the Reserve Bank of India at the Rotary Club. The interpretation put on this by Sir Chunilal was set at rest by the Finance Member during the meetings of the General Policy Committee held in Bombay in October, when Sir Chunilal was on his way to the U.S.A. Apart from this, those who have followed carefully the intricacies of the rupee exchange problem in the context of world tendencies, know that the real problem is at which lower level should the rupee be stabilised in future, so that we may avoid the evils of deflation, which will be inevitable if the present rate of 1s. 6d. is to be maintained. We hope Sir Chunilal and his other colleagues of the business community will think more furiously over this aspect of the problem.

Frankly Speaking

Chinese Situation

As a British paper says, recent Japanese successes have brought about a "grave deterioration on the China front". The Jap offensive in South-west China has helped them to establish direct land communication between Jap-occupied China and Indo-China. Moreover, it has resulted in the loss of all the American air fields which were so essential to operations against the Japs in China. There are two developments, however, which can save the situation. First, offensive operations by Admiral Nimitz and General MacArthur. The Nimitz-MacArthur offensive may do to Japan from south and east what the American air force in China was expected to do from the south and west. The second development is Admiral Mountbatten's move against Central Burma. But it is essential that the two offensives in the Pacific and Burma be pressed with speed.

British Acknowledgement

Meanwhile, we are glad that Mr. Richard Law has on behalf of the British Government recognised the fact that China has been resisting for seven years and "gladly acknowledged the value to our common cause both in the past and in the present of China's contribution under the leadership of Generalissimo Chiang kai-Shek." In fact the full value to the common cause of China's contribution has yet to be acknowledged by China's Allies. But Mr. Richard Law's tribute is satisfactory enough in view particularly of the fact that some British papers, too, have been vying with their American contemporaries in an attempt to damn Marshal Chiang kai-Shek as if he were an unmixed evil, the one and only spring source of all that is happening on the China front.

Spain And United Nations

Republican opponents of General Franco have in our view proposed the best, because the most peaceful, solution of the Spanish problem. It is a problem of the restoration of the democratic regime against which General Franco had sucessfully rebelled with the assistance of Hitler and Mussolini. Nothing less than that can solve the problem. General Franco and his regime have got to go, the only question being whether with or without bloodshed. Students of Spanish affairs think that there is little, if any, possibility of General Franco agreeing to make his exit without doing his worst to keep himself in the saddle, that, in fact, he is already mobilising and deploying troops to suppress any challenge to his dictatorship. This is really unfortunate. But it is very good to know that the British Government have just removed any illusion General Franco may have had as to the treatment of Franco's Spain by the United Nations. It will, of course, not do merely to deny Franco any representation at the Peace Conference. What Britain and America owe both to their own anti-Fascist professions and to their Russian ally is something more positive. If, as Mr. Richard Law says, "the British Government are more wide awake than some people suppose", then Franco may yet be convinced that he will have no safe place in the post-war world, and may decide to quit peacefully. The British Government can do this service to the people of Spain and to democracy.

A Suspicious Plan

Mr. V. V. Kalikar's resolution in the Council of State, condemning the scheme of temporary reinforcement of the Civil Administration by transfer of Army officers, was defeated by 14 votes against 22. It is clear the defeat was due solely to official votes. The worst feature of the scheme is the fixing of the ratio of fifty per cent of Europeans to be recruited to the civil administration. As Mr. P. N. Sapru observed, the war is being used as an excuse for "dumping as many Europeans as possible." The Home Secretary, Mr. Conran Smith, pleaded that the appointments were temporary. But that is no justification for reserving a percentage of posts for Europeans Moreover, even the temporary holding of prize posts by Europeans tends to reserve them for Europeans.

Oppose It Tooth & Nail

The Home Member affected to be "distressed at the raising of a racial issue when there was a common effort in the war against a common enemy.'" But it is the Government that started the racial issue by reserving posts for Europeans, as the reservation clearly means that Indians shall not fill more than the prescribed number of posts, however many Indian candidates there may be for the posts and whatever may be their qualifications. The reservation also means that Europeans shall be entitled to certain posts even if they are not the best candidates by qualifications. Finally, the percentage of 50 for Europeans is in India unconscionable. It appears the plan is to militarise the administration for some time even after the war and to reserve several key posts for Europeans. The plan must be opposed tooth and nail.

No Shortage Of Wheat In Ahmedabad

In your issue of October 14 was published a report from your Ahmedabad correspondent that there was a shortage of wheat seed in Ahmedabad District. Enquiries reveal that the report is baseless. There has been no shortage nor has there been any complaint about the quality of the seed supplied to the agriculturists.

G. G. GOKHALE.
Public Relations Officer
(Rationing).

Nov. 16.

Plea For A Night College In Bombay

The unprecedented situation created last year by the failure of a large number of matriculates to secure admission to the Arts and Science Colleges in the Province of Bombay emphasised the need for augmenting the existing number of Colleges to cope with the increased demand, and inspired a few education societies to contemplate starting a few more new colleges. As a result of the move, half a dozen colleges are in formation at the present moment, and they will begin work from next June if their plans materialise. It is a step in the right direction and deserves commendation in view of its potential contribution to the spread of higher education in the province. But the proposed colleges will all be day colleges without a single exception. It is difficult to see how none of these enterprising societies could conceive the idea of a night college in a predominantly industrial city like Bombay where hundreds of young matriculates eager for higher studies are forced to suspend their education and become wage-earners.

A night college is a prime necessity in a place like the city of Bombay, and it has immense possibilities of immediate success. There are, in the city, about a dozen night schools—all patronised by the people and packed to capacity. Their number is a significant pointer to the wage-earners' eagerness for learning. They would form a good nucleus for a prospective night college. Besides, there are a few premier education societies running first-rate day schools. If any of them takes up the matter with earnestness, a night college will not take long to come into existence in Bombay.

A night college has certain advantages over a day college and its problem is far less complicated than that of a day college. It does not need its own building nor its own furniture at a big cost. It can find accommodation in one of the specious and furnished buildings of the city's colleges or schools at a reasonable rent. The only question that remains is that of an efficient staff. That too would present no insuperable difficulty. Most of the professors and lecturers in the city's day colleges have about ten to twelve teaching periods a week. Such persons would be available for work in a night college, on reasonable terms. The problem of a night college would be found to be simple, provided enterprising persons of the right type come forward to take it up.

There is no lack of talent, nor of a spirit of self-sacrifice among our educated men. There is also philanthropy if we are judging by the handsome donations promised to some of the proposed colleges. There are generous industrialists in the city who have made great fortunes in the present war and who are ever ready to help a good cause. They are great assets but it needs an enterprising society to capitalise them and work out the idea of a night college and earn the blessings of hundreds of the city's wage-earners.

S. G. KOCHREKAR.

IN APPRECIATION OF NAGAS' HELP.

SHILLONG, Nov. 16: Sir Andrew Clow, Governor of Assam, in a speech in the Assam Legislative Assembly to-day announced a modern hospital at Kohima is to be constructed to commemorate the Governor-General-in-Council's appreciation of the staunchness of the Nagas and the assistance they gave to the Army. His Excellency further announced that the Government of India had generously undertaken the relief of the sufferers and the rehabilitation of the devastated areas.—A. P.

EDITOR IN TROUBLE

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

Mr. Vijyatunga, Editor of the "Vidudhalai", a Tamil daily newspaper of the National War Front, published in Madras City has been arrested on a charge of misappropriation of certain amount of money. He was later released on bail.—United Press.

Mahatma On Peace Mission To S. Africa?

Khare Says He Will Consider Proposal If Gandhiji Applies To Government

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

A series of questions about Mr. Jai Prakash Narayan and Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia were asked in the Assembly today by Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, Prof. Ranga and Mr. Ananga Monan Dam. The Home Member stated that no decision had yet been taken about bringing Mr. Jai Prakash Narain to trial.

He was detained in Lahore Fort. He was treated as a Class 1 Security prisoner under the Punjab Security Prisoners' Rules. He had however been segregated from other prisoners but allowed some companionship every day. His health was recently reported to be excellent.

Prof. Ranga: What is meant by some companionship; what sort of companionship? The Home Member: Human companionship (laughter).

Replying to further questions the Home Member said that Jai Prakash Narain's companion was Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia.

Mr. Sri Prakasa asked if Jai Prakash Narain was allowed to meet other people and also whether these other people were ordinary convicts or men of the type suitable to highly placed persons like Jai Prakash Narain. The Home Member repued that the conditions of his detention in Lahore were determined by the Punjab Government.

Mr. Sri Prakasa and Prof. Ranga urged that the Home Member had had sufficient time to obtain information from the Punjab Government on details such as whether Jai Prakash Narain was allowed to receive and write letters and receive newspapers and if so how many and so on. The Home Member should, therefore, give a detailed answer. The chair intervened and pointed out that it could not compel any Member of Government to give answers which the questioner would regard unsatisfactory.

Sardar Mangal Singh asked if it was not a fact that Lahore Fort was meant for prisoners under interrogation and not fit for detenus. The Home Member repeated that the matter was under the Punjab Government.

In the course of replies about Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, the Home Member stated hat he was detained under the same conditions as Mr. Jai Prakash Narain.

Q. Why is it that repeated requests made by his aged father to be granted an interview with his son on the ground that he had not seen him for a long time have been turned down by the Government?—Ans. For reasons of security.

Q. Will the Government be pleased to reconsider and grant an early interview to his aged father with his son at least on humanitarian grounds?—Ans. This is under consideration.

Mr. Sri Prakasa and Prof. Ranga asked again for details of diet and other facilities given to Mr. Jai Prakash Narain and Dr. Lohia. The Home Member explained that if one of the Central Government's prisoners was in a Punjab jail the responsibility of ensuring that he did not escape was entirely that of the Punjab Government and they alone could decide what security regulations be applied; it followed logically from the responsibility for security.

Sardar Sant Singh asked if the responsibility for detention was that of the Central Government why was responsibility for safety that of the Punjab Government. The logic was the other way about. The Home Member reiterated that the Punjab Government were in the position of a jailor.

Mr. Sri Prakasa in a supplementary asked the Home Member if he was aware that Dr. Lohia was the only son of his father, and the father was old and ailing and whether the Home Member would consider the desirability of granting the father an interview. The Home Member: The question of allowing an interview is under consideration

Q. Will the consideration stage end quickly?

A voice: Within the life-time of the father? (laughter). Mr. Sri Prakasa: It is not a matter of laughter to the father; it may be a matter of laughter to members opposite.

'NOT IN PUBLIC INTEREST'

The War Secretary Mr. C. M. Trivedi informed Mr. K. S. Gupta that the cost per day per head of food for the British soldier was Rs. 1/5 compared to Annas 15 for the Indian soldier. Mr. Badridatt Pande asked why Mr. M. N. Roy, had been removed from the Indian Civil Service and what were the charges against him. The Home Member: It would not be in the public interest to disclose the information. Action was taken against him by the Government of the United Provinces.

Mr. Pande: Was he punished for holding inedependent opinions and not for any administrative fault? The Home Member repeated it would not be in the public interest to disclose the information.

Sardar Sant Singh: What is the meaning of public interest? Is it that the public should not be interested in the public service? (laughter).

"The Government of India pay for copies of many newspapers for use by their officials, in offices or in official libraries", Sir Sultan Ahmed said in reply to Mr. Krishnamachari. "No important newspaper, whatever its editorial poucy, is excluded from consideration. Certain officials whose official work requires that they should be in touch with public opinion are allowed to buy newspapers at Government expense. In such cases, the selection of the newspapers is left to the officers concerned. National War Front Organisations have also been purchasing copies of newspapers with definite pro-war and anti-Fascist editorial policies for use by National War Front workers.

SUBSIDY TO NEWSPAPERS

Mr. Neogy asked whether provincial Governments granted subsidies to certain newspapers out of National War Front funds. Sir Sultan: I have no information. The Information Member gave the same answer to Mr. Pande's question whether it was a fact that 50 newspapers were subsidised in the United Provinces.

Mr. Avinashilingam Chettiar: Do Government maintain a list of favourite newspapers? Sir Sultan said Government had a list of favoured and non-favoured newspapers.

"No copies of either "The Peoples Voice" of Calcutta or "The Vanguard" of Delhi are being purchased by the Government of India", said Sir Sultan Ahmed in reply to Mr. K. S. Gupta. "The National War Front purchased 1,500 copies of "The Vanguard" for use by their workers in the provinces during the year April 1944, to March, 1945. It has been decided to discontinue the purchase from April 1, 1945. No subsidies are granted to either of the papers."

MISSION FOR MAHATMA

In a short-notice question in the Assembly today Mr. Ananga Mohan Dam asked the Member for Commonwealth Relations if the Government of India's attention had been drawn to the news that a cable had been sent to Mahatma Gandhi from South Africa stating that the discriminatory measures taken by India as retaliation are against the Indian tradition of love and requesting Mahatma Gandhi to give a lead by making a statement on the situation. Mr. Dam further asked if the Government of India would make arrangements for sending Mahatma Gandhi on a mission of love to South Africa in view of his friendship with Field Marshal Smuts.

Dr. Khare said he had read the news but a reasonable doubt might arise about its authenticity or correctness since he had received a telegram from the selfsame persons which was rather contradictory of the news. The telegram was from Mr. Dadoo, Johannesberg, addressed to Dr. Khare, Dr. Desnmukh, Sir Sultan Ahmed, Sir Raza Ali and Mr. Jinnah. It ran: "Congratulations courageous stand. Immediate imposition sanctions and recall High Commissioner imperative. Community condemns Pretoria Agreement just as repugnant and disastrous as Ordinance. Only just demand unconditional repeal Pegging Act and full rights citizenship."

There was laughter as Dr. Khare in reading out the text of the message repeated the word "stop" as given after each sentence in the original cable.

Replying to the second question Dr. Khare said if Mahatma Gandhi approached the Government regarding such a visit, the Government would consider the matter.

Mr. Dam in a supplementary asked if Government contemplated withholding the application of the Reciprocity Act in view of the information from South Africa that that step was not based on love?

Mr. Sri Prakasa: Will the Hon. Member take the initiative in this matter. Stop. If so, comma, when, question mark. (Loud laughter). Dr. Khare: I am not familiar with the science and technique of love.

Two Adjournments Disallowed

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16: In the Assembly the chair disallowed two adjournment motions. One was the attempt by Prof. Ranga to discuss the removal of a number of archaeological finds of Nagarjuna Konda in Guntur District, which were of special historical importance to the Andhras to an unknown destination in spite of a categorical assurance given by the Secretary, Education, Health and Lands.

Mr. Tyson said it was unlikely that these finds were being removed but he was prepared to find out

Sardar Sant Singh had an adjournment motion to discuss "the barbarous method" of certain customs authorities in checking passengers luggage at Viramgam on the border between Kathiawar and British India.

In reply to the chair, Sardar Sant Singh said according to newspaper reports passengers on arrival at this station at 4 a.m. were asked to take their luggage on their shoulders to the customs platform where the luggage was examined and then the passengers were asked to take it back on their shoulders.

The chair remarked inconvenience was always caused by examination of luggage.—A. P.

Congress M. L. A.'s Keep Out

SHILLONG, Nov. 16: The Congress members remained absent 'en bloc' when Sir Andrew Clow, Governor, addressed the Assam Legislative Assembly this morning.—United Press

IS HITLER SICK OR DEAD?

Change In Conduct Of German Defensive War Apparent

By WALLACE HERRICK

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16: The conviction is growing, both in Germany and in Allied and neutral countries, that Adolf Hitler has fled from Germany, is sick or even dead. The extremely peculiar circumstances in which Heinrich Himmler appeared on the radio and read the proclamation allegedly written by Hitler has only added strength to this conviction. The belief is further supported by external evidence in the conduct of the German defensive war on the Western Front.

This external evidence is, perhaps, the most convincing of all. The rest may be rumour or hearsay. It is difficult to verify even inside Germany. But the events of the past few weeks on the Western Front strongly hint a change in the high command of the German army—a change both in strategy and tactics and a change which, it must be admitted, has added momentarily to the Germans' powers of resistance.

The German defensive tactics in Normandy seemed to reflect Hitler's intuition. The ground was ordered to be held at all cost, even though a retreat would have been far less costly. The situation now is "different." Lately the Germans have been fighting a more intelligent war in the west. Their defence became more cohesive. They withdrew from outlying positions when these became indefensible. Of course, they maintained—and still maintain—the fundamental Hitlerian fallacy that protracted resistance will gain them something. In this respect Hitler and whoever may have succeeded him show themselves to be annihilationists whose policy is leading to the gradual destruction of Germany.

But these modest improvements in the conduct of a lost cause, even though they cannot hope to be in any sense decisive, are nevertheless interesting in their suggestion that Hitler may indeed have lost control of the failing German army.

The winter will give this army no rest. The Russians are continuing their advance on Budapest, one of the chief bastions on the south-eastern front. Farther north, the enemy may expect another of the Red Army's hard-driving winter offensives. In the west, the Allies are closing in around Metz with a limited offensive. Continued progress here will improve the Allied position in the south.

More significant than what is happening now is the prospect of what may happen. The German high command—whether led by Hitler with his intuition or someone else with mere Prussian tenacity—lacks the means to determine where or when the Allies will mount another offensive. Thus it cannot shift its available forces to meet the new blow. Its available forces are spread so thinly around that there will be insufficient reserves to cope with any large-scale breakthrough. Then there is always the possibility of additional landings behind the present German lines, not only in the west but in the Baltic. These considerations are all designed to give sleepless nights to Hitler, Himmler or anyone else responsible for the conduct of what must be an increasingly hopeless series of defensive battles.—USOWI.

ROYAL MAIL LOOTED

Two Postal Runners Poisoned To Death

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 16.

A message from Pauri Garhwal states that the Royal Mail was looted under mysterious circumstances at Chukasain near Kainur Branch Post Office, some twenty miles from Pauri. Two mail runners were poisoned to death and two others accompanying them are still unconscious.

Mail runners were entertained to tea mixed with some deadly poison in Chitty at night in the midst of dense forest by some mysterious persons who are supposed to be members of an organised gang. They took the mail bage containing Rs 200 only.

Next Meeting Of "Big Three" In Britain?

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Mr. Churchill, replying to a suggestion that the next meeting between President Roosevelt, Marshal Stalin and himself should be held in Britain in view of the fact that he had already twice visited Moscow and had been four times to the American continent, told the member to-day "this point has occurred to me and my colleagues several times and I trust that the question put by Captain Gammans (who raised the matter) may lend additional force to it."

Mr. Churchill added that it had been realised that in working with a great number of powerful Allies one's views had sometimes to yield to other peoples'.—Reuter.

Maharaja Of Baroda Opens Art Society's Exhibition

BOMBAY, Thursday.

'It is the Art of every race that gives its civilization, its distinct character and rhythm. Life and art are closely and inseparably interwoven and history becomes a living reality to us through art, otherwise, it would be a dead letter.' Thus observed the Maharaja of Baroda speaking at the Cowasji Jahangir Hall this evening.

The Maharaja who was addressing a distinguished gathering of the lovers of art and artists on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the Fine Art Exhibition, congratulated the Art Society of India for organising such exhibitions and promoting Indian art and said that it was gratifying to observe the interest displayed by the public of Bombay in encouraging and promoting the cause of art.

Earlier the President of the Art Society of India welcomed the Maharaja and traced the history of the Art society's exhibitions that were held in the city from time to time. The main purpose of these exhibitions, he said, was to foster art and to establish a closer contact between Art and the public and thus to secure for it its proper place in life.

PRIZES AWARDED.

This years 'Patel Trophy' and the Society's cash prize of Rs. 300 was won by Mr. V. A. Mali, and the students' travelling scholarship of Rs. 200 presented by Mr. K. H. Kabbur. was awarded to Mr. S. H. Raza.

Exhibits included paintings and sculptures executed in both eastern and western style.

EMPLOYMENT OF TECHNICAL PERSONNEL

The Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal Bombay, has issued an order controlling advertisements in newspapers and periodicals calling for technical personnel, to take effect from December 1, 1944. The order has, among its object, the making of the Employment Exchange of the Government of India, Bombay, more useful to private employers in so far as securing the right type of technical personnel is concerned. Many employers are unaware that a large number of technical personnel is registered by the Employment Exchange on its waiting list; and the Manager Employment Exchange, Bombay would be too glad to offer his services in getting the right type of qualified men without any cost to employers. A ring to phone 30113 will save the trouble and cost of finding suitable technical personnel.

N. R. Abhyankar Gets One Year's R. I.

POONA, Nov. 16.

Mr. Ramchandra Narhar Abhyankar, ex-Managing Agent Commonwealth Assurance Co., Ltd., Poona was sentenced today to one year's R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 by Mr. S. G. Deshpande, Resident Magistrate, Khed on a charge of criminal breach of trust of a sum of about Rs. 1,20,000.

He was later released on bail pending the hearing of his appeal.—A. P. Reuter.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, Nov. 16

The suggestion that Hitler, accompanied by Goering, is on the way to Japan to stage a spectacular Axis meeting with the Mikado, is made in "The Daily Herald" by Willi Frischauer, the writer on German affairs who says he has spent nearly 20 years observing Hitler's personality and policies. Hitler would at the same time try to win over the Nanking Chinese for the Axis cause.—Reuter.

* * *

An American authority on international affairs has come to the conclusion that "India is turning its back on the west."

This is rather an overstatement. The west isn't as contemptible as all that.

* * *

Addressing a Nehru birthday meeting in London, Professor Edward Thompson said, "What can you say of a Government that keeps a man like Nehru in prison....?"

A whole lot. But better not.

* * *

The Professor further described Jawaharlal as "a man who cares passionately for the sufferings of all peoples."

That is why he has been very considerately accommodated in the Ahmednagar fort where he can indulge his passionate cares from dawn to dusk and dusk to dawn in peace and tranquillity undisturbed by worry or work.

* * *

In his letter to Hon Sirdar Aurangzeb Khan, Mr. M. C. Khanna wants to know what the Frontier Premier was going to do about the 5 Congress M.L.A.'s in detention, drawing the Hon'ble Gentleman's attention to the Governor's repudiation of responsibility for their continued detention.

The Hon. Sardar Sahib will of course, do nothing. How can he?

* * *

Mr. Churchill has told the House of Commons that in view of the special privation and difficulties of the Burma campaign he is examining the desirability of issuing Campaign Stars to the Fourteenth Army.

No Army better deserves special recognition. But we should suggest that secondary decorations should simultaneously be issued to those who survived the Bengal famine.

* * *

In the opinion of the "Times" of London "the hour of Burma's deliverance cannot now be far off."

No, no, "The Times" is right. It means deliverance from the Japs

* * *

According to a Paris report General de Gaulle has accepted an invitation from Marshal Stalin to visit Moscow.

It is earnestly hoped that the effects of the entertainment recently provided by the Wandering Minstrel will not be neutralised thereby.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Much of the charity that begins at home is too weak to travel.

* * *

No man is quite as important as his wife would like to think he is.

* * *

Methusaleh had the distinction of being the original grand old party.

* * *

Some men make enemies instead of friends because it is less trouble.

* * *

Only the man who knows that he is in the wrong can afford to lose his temper.

* * *

If a bride isn't homesick for her family six weeks after marriage, it's a sign that she married the right man.

Ceiling Prices Of Sheet Glass

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A press note issued by the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies says: "The Central Government have, by a notification issued under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance and published in the Gazette of India dated Nov. 11, 1944, fixed the maximum selling prices chargeable by a dealer in respect of imported sheet glass of ordinary and selected qualities and of various description and sizes. A discount of 25 per cent shall be allowed to the retailers on the prices fixed by this notification. Freight and cost of breakage in transit should be borne by the consignee."—A. P.

Two Belgian Communist Ministers Resign

From Reuter's special correspondent in Brussels (Thursday):

Two Belgian Communist ministers —Albert Marteaux, Minister for Public Health, and R. Dispy, Minister without portfolio resigned to-day.

M. Demany Minister without portfolio resigned at the same time.—Reuter.

Cut Out **R** *And Keep*

Revised Prices of Vegetable Ghee

The prices of vegetable ghee and preparations known as Tawda or Tawra have been revised as follows under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance (vide notification No. P. 22 (16 4) AP/44 published in the Government of India Gazette of November 11, 1944, which supersedes the notification of August 26).

PRICES OF VEGETABLE GHEE SOLD LOOSE OR IN LARGE PACKS (MINIMUM 25 LBS. NET CONTENTS):—

	The price at which the manufacturer or manufacturer's distributing agents may sell. (PER LB).	Wholesale price namely price for minimum of 25 lb. in manufacturer's original sealed container) (PER LB).	Retail price (namely price for vegetable ghee sold loose in small quantities) (PER LB).
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(a) Bombay town and Suburbs	0 9 0	0 9 9	0 10 6
(b) Bombay Presidency (excluding Bombay town and Suburbs).	0 9 9	0 10 6	0 11 0

RETAIL PRICES OF SMALL PACKS OF ALL BRANDS OF VEGETABLE GHEE ARE FIXED AS FOLLOWS:—

10 lb tin, Rs. 7 15 0	3 lb. tin, Rs. 2 12 0
9 lb. tin, Rs. 7 4 0	2 lb. tin. Rs. 1 12 0
5 lb. tin, Rs. 4 3 6	1 lb tin Rs. 0 14 3

NOTE:—The prices are inclusive of freight but exclusive of octroi, terminal tax, sales tax and similar taxes, which may be added where they are levied.

POSTWAR PLANNING ON THE CLOTHING FRONT

NEW AND BETTER WOOLLENS all made at Bangalore

Wool was spun and woven in India from the earliest times, but at no period were its multifarious uses recognised or developed to the full by local craftsmen. The bulk of India's large supply of raw wool has invariably been exported.

The development in India in the manufacture of superior quality tweeds, flannels and worsted suitings, and union shirtings owes much to the pioneering efforts of the Bangalore Mills because of their modern equipment and trained experts. The products of the Mills have reached a high standard of perfection.

Though their entire resources have been placed at the disposal of Government for the duration, the Mills are planning ahead to meet the country's growing post-war needs in warm clothing. They look forward to bringing out many new and improved woollen fabrics which will give India greater comfort in the days following Victory.

BANGALORE MILLS
THE BANGALORE WOOLLEN, COTTON & SILK MILLS CO., LTD.
BANGALORE CITY

BY. 4629.—Size 10"x2 cols. 1944

the BLACK MARKET will disappear if YOU decide so

No Black Market can exist without the co-operation of the buying public. Once they get together and refuse to pay more than the controlled prices, the Black Marketeer has only two courses open to him—to go bankrupt or to sell at the proper prices.

The public has two clear duties. One is to refuse to pay high prices. The other is to report Black Market dealers to the nearest Police Station. Once these duties are WIDELY fulfilled, the profiteer—one of our worst social criminals—will disappear from our midst.

Prices will fall

But understand clearly that without this co-operation from the public, no amount of legislation will measurably improve the position. Many profiteers have been convicted and punished. Don't be afraid of them. Make them afraid of YOU.

Help to smash the BLACK MARKET

AAA 1385

The Pentangular

PARSIS IN INVULNERABLE POSITION

Rusi Modi And Rusi Cooper's Splendid Batting For 156 Not Out And 73

(By Our Cricket Critic)

After a disastrous start losing 2 wickets for 16 runs the Parsis succeeded in outstripping the European total of 300 with the loss of five wickets only. They are now in an absolutely safe position to meet the Hindus in the second semi-final of the Pentangular Tournament. For this achievement, the Parsis must thank Rusi Modi and Rusi Cooper who batting in splendid fashion saw their team through.

Rusi Modi

While Cooper lost his wicket after scoring 73 runs off his own bat, thereby helping Madi to put on 151 runs for the fourth wicket, the latter remained unbeaten till the end of the day with 156 to his credit.

The crowd at the Brabourne Stadium must have been nearly 20,000 on Thursday, when the Parsis entered on their batting venture.

FIELDING STRATEGY.

From the manner in which Joe Hardstaff, the European skipper, arranged the field with nine men round about the batsmen it seemed that he was going to play on their nerves to a great extent. Three slips, silly point, silly mid-off, silly mid-on, leg-trap, and short leg with the wicket-keeper filled the picture. The strategy did have a terrible effect on the early batsmen. Poli Palia the Parsi Captain, Mehli Mehta succumbed to Paul Dobree-Carey when they had put on 5 and 1 only to their accounts.

COLAH'S CREDITABLE STAND.

The prospect before the Parsis appeared rather dismal at this stage—with 2 wickets down for 16 runs. Modi's association with Colah changed the complexion of the game to a degree. Both playing patiently carried the total to 66. Then came another set back. Colah, who appeared to be well set, was clean bowled by Denis Compton with an elusive delivery. His stay at the wickets for 80 minutes—though for only 24 runs—certainly gave heart to his successors, for which he deserves his meed of praise.

LACK OF BOWLERS.

Rusi Cooper, joining Modi, brightened things up for the Parsis by slow but steady degrees. The absence of bowlers was keenly felt by the European skipper. Apart from Dobree-Carey, none of the men he put charge of the attack,—there were six of them—could create any impression on the batsmen. The fielding strategy did not pay him any longer. Despite his frequent bowling changes, the score mounted up on the board with clock work regularity.

COOPER'S AND KHOT'S HASTY EXIT AFTER TEA.

By tea-time, the total had risen to 217 Modi and Cooper batting with 98 and 73 to their credit respectively. It was at this stage the Europeans had lost two wickets quickly. The new ball had done the trick. Would it happen in the case of the Parsis too? That was a question asked in the Press tent. Surprising as it might seem, the fourth Parsi wicket fell at the same total! Cooper who was playing a fine game and was on the high road to the century mark, fell an unfortunate victim to Dobree-Carey. His faultless 73 was the result of a magnificent effort. Were he a little subdued after the resumption, he might have averted the disaster. Jehangir Khot, who filled the vacancy, also went down, though not at the same total of 119, but 6 runs later

MODI'S UNIQUE ACHIEVEMENT.

This caused a great consternation in the Parsi camp. But Satha who stepped into the breach made a valiant effort to stem the tide and succeeded. He not only helped Modi to beat the European aggregate of 300 runs but remained to see him put on 156 runs to his account without loeing his wicket. This is the first time in the history of the Pentangular that a Parsi batsman has reached this score. High praise is due to him for this unique achievement. This is also his second century in the tournament.

Dobree-Carey was responsible for 4 wickets for 67 runs—a good effort.

DETAILS

Colah and Palia opened the Parsi innings facing the attack from Dobree-Carey and Judge. The first ten were hoisted in exactly ten minutes. But no sooner were two more added to the total., Dobree-Carey found his first victim of the day in Palia whom he got caught by Fairbairn at the silly mid-on. (12—1—5).

Mehli Mistry who followed succumbed to a fast delivery of the same bowler being caught in the gully by Compton when only four were added to the total at the fall of the first wicket. (16—2—1).

Mody joined Colah and the pair worked up a steady recovery. After 20 minutes of his game Mody reached his individual 10. Soon he square-cut Judge for four and followed it up with a country drive, off the same bowler, which fetched him three. In the following over he cut Dobree-Carey in the gully for four and reached his 20. the Parsi score at this stage showing 40.

Colah too at the other end defended the fort perseveringly and avoiding all risks, helped in piling up the score mainly through singles.

BOWLING CHANGE

The first change in bowling was effected when Judge was replaced by Blackmore, and a little later Compton took over from Dobree-Carey. The batsmen however plodded on, and 30, 40, 50 and 60 appeared on the board at regular intervals.

At 66 however, Compton succeeded in separating the pair which seemed temporarily to have been well-set in the wickets. With a good-length delivery he smashed Colah's wickets. (66—3—24). Colah had remained in the wickets for 80 minutes.

R. S. Cooper joined Mody and this pair held the fort till the game closed for the lunch. A little before close, Mody reached his 50 out of a total of 98 which included Cooper's 8.

An hour's game after lunch saw Cooper and Mody add 50 runs to the pre-lunch total of 98, Mody's contribution so far being 75.

Powerful carpet drives by both the batsmen were the feature of their game. Howarth, Blackmore Corall, Cranmer, Dobree-Carey and Judge were all tried in succession. As tea time approached, both the batsmen became exceedingly aggressive. Cooper who had already reached his 50 was seen executing some beautiful strokes all round the wickets. Their joint efforts brought the Parsi second century on board after a game lasting for three hours and forty-five minutes.

When the game closed for tea, Mody and Cooper were at 98 and 73 respectively to their credit. The total was 217.

COOPER OUT

Within five minutes of the resumption of the game after tea, Cooper was clean-bowled by Dobree-Carey before a single run could be added to the total of 217 (217-4-73).

The outgoing batsman had played bright cricket and in partnership with Mody had added 151 to the total. He was at the wickets for 217 minutes and his contribution of 73, included four hits to the boundary.

MODY'S 100

Mody in the meanwhile hoisted his own century by glancing Judge to leg for a brace.

Khot was the next man in but did not survive long. He was caught by Cranmer at mid-off off Dobree-Carey when he had notched only 2 (225-5-2).

Satha now partnered Mody. The pace of run-getting slackened down temporarily.

Victory for the Parsis was now within sight, and at every stroke, the stadium resounded with cheers. The credit for hitting the winning stroke went to Mody who with a brace off D. Carey hoisted the third Parsi century on board and following it up with a single off the same bowler reached his 150 amid vociferous cheers from all sides of the stadium.

Fifteen minutes later when the stumps were drawn for the day the Parsis had made 311 with half their side still intact. Mody and Satha were unbeaten with 156 and 34 respectively.

EUROPEAN'S 1ST INNINGS 300

PARSIS 1ST INNINGS

N. H. Colah, b Compton	24
P. E. Palia, c Fairbairn, b D. Carey	5
M. F. Mistry, c Compton, b D. Carey	1
R. S. Mody batting	156
R. S. Cooper, b D. Carey	73
J. B. Khote, c Cranmer, b D. Carey	2
Total (for 5 wkts.)	311
Extras	16
D. B. Satha batting	34

Fall of wickets: 1—12; 2—16; 3—66; 4—217; 5—225.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
P. Judge	29	5	111	0
Dobree-Carey	24	5	67	4
B. Blackmore	14	2	46	0
D. Compton	19	5	36	1
R. Howarth	23	9	28	0
J. Hardstaff	2	0	7	0

****

RIVAL TEAMS

EUROPEANS: J. Hardstaff (Capt.), P. Corrall (w. k.), D. Compton, N. Hotchkin, R. T. Simpson, P. Cranmer, R. D. Fairbairn, B. Blackmore, P. F. Judge, P. Dobree-Carey, R. Howarth. Reserves: S. J. Cray and M. Robinson.

PARSIS: P. E. Palia (Capt.), K. R. Meher-Homji (w. k.), J. B. Khot, P. M. Cambatta, D. B. Satha, N. H. Colah, R. S. Modi, R. S. Cooper, M. F. Mistry, E. B. Aibara, K. K. Tarapore. Reserves: P. Umrigar and J. B. Patel.

UMPIRES: Messrs. D. K. Naik and Vali Ahmed.

HERE'S WHY Caravan Cigarettes produced at Nationals' air-conditioned Factory are always fresh and clean. Only fully matured, carefully blended tobaccos are used for making Caravans. It has coolness, freshness and strength. Obtainable everywhere

2½ ANNAS FOR TEN

CARAVAN
THE Air-Conditioned CIGARETTE
THE NATIONAL TOBACCO CO. OF INDIA LIMITED.

MEDALS TO CITY FIRE BRIGADE

The Municipal Commissioner assured the Municipal Corporation on Thursday that he had made provision in the budget from the next year to award medals to the members of Fire Brigade on the model of the London County Council This statement was made while speaking on the resolution of Mr. Salebhoy Abdulkader which was carried.

Mr. R. K. Tatnis moved a similar resolution which he withdrew on the assurance given by Dr. M. D. Gilder, the Chairman, who presided in absence of Mr. Nagindas T. Master, who is indisposed. Dr. Gilder stated that after the explosion of 14th April last the Mayor had opened a Fund for the Memorial of those firemen and officers, who had lost their lives. He said a sum of Rs. 25,823 was subscribed from which it was proposed to raise at the Fire Brigade Head Office at Byculla a memorial column, when those who fought the fire on 14th April and following days shall be invited and fitting tributes shall be paid to them.

The House then adjourned till Monday.

BUDGET DISCUSSION

At the meeting of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation on Thursday Mr. R. A. Gole prescribed and the budget discussion was continued.

Mr. M. M. Bhatt opposed the recommendation of 1 per cent increase in the General Tax as it would ultimately fall not on the landlords but the tenants generally who were already overburdened with expenditure. He suggested that they should ask from the Government the Urban Immovable Property Tax and also tax cycles and first class and second class passengers coming to Bombay.

Mr. M. I. Rowji also opposed the recommendation to impose one per cent additional tax.

City Washermen's Plight

About 750 washermen of the city, who have been eking out their livelihood by pursuing their profession at the well-known municipal washing ghat at Mahaluxmi, are threatened with the immediate deprival of the facility they have been enjoying for decades past of drying their washed clothes on the adjoining maidan, because the Bombay Municipality wants to build tenements on the very portion of the maidan on which the washermen's drying lines have been put up.

It would appear that last week they were suddenly informed by the Municipal Health Officer that more than half the maidan, stretching parallel to the Arthur Road would be requisitioned immediately to build tenements and that the washermen would have to move their drying lines to the remaining portion of the maidan, nearer the municipal katchra-dumping ground.

This step on the part of the Municipal authorities has greatly upset the washermen and they have addressed a lengthy representation to the Municipal Commissioner, in which, besides dwelling on the grave hardship that would be caused to them by the proposed step, they point to the undesirability of shifting the drying lines nearer to the "Katchra-pathi." They state: "The katchra will spoil the washed clothes. The peculiar filthy dust may cause skin-rashes and skin-diseases to people who will have the misfortune to have their clothes dried without their knowledge in a most insanitary surrounding. We cannot afford to re-wash the once washed clothes if they are spoiled by the flying filth or the squatting by the vultures or the black soot of the nearby mill-chimneys."

AN ALTERNATIVE PLOT

The washermen's representation further points out that the tenements which are proposed to be built on the plot to be evacuated by the washermen will be in the proximity of the Infectious Diseases and Fevers Hospital, which is undesirable. On the other hand, the representation says, opposite the present plot, on the other side of the Mahaluxmi railway station, lying between Approach Road and the grounds of Willingdon Sports Club, there is a fine sun bathed open piece of land, which can be utilized for drying of clothes. The washermen suggest that this plot may be made over to them for their use.

Viceroy's Gold Medal For "Dufferin" Cadet

"Remember, it is by its fruits that a tree is judged," observed Captain R. A. H. McConnell, R. I. N., Captain Superintendent of I. M. M. T. S. Dufferin" while greeting the cadets of his ship before they selected the recipient of the Viceroy's Gold Medal for the year 1944.

The cadets then went to the ballot. They had five Senior Cadet Captains to select from as the winner of the coveted prize.

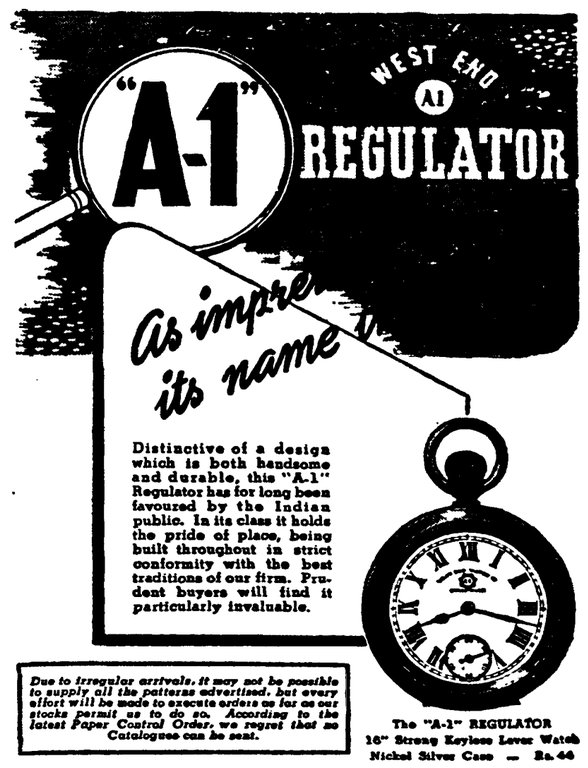
After the balloting the cadets performed an impressive March Past at which the Captain Superintendent received the salute.

The scrutiny of the ballot revealed that Senior Cadet Captain Pathania received the majority of votes for the Viceroy's Gold Medal. The runner-up who received the Governing Body's Prize was Senior Cadet Captain D. W. Wise.

Belgaum Congressmen's Decisions

BELGAUM, Nov. 15: The General meeting of the Belgaum District Congress Committee was held at Gokak last week under the presidentship of Mr. Venkaraddi Hull. Resolutions were passed expressing full confidence in Mahatma Gandhiji's leadership, exhorting all people to carry on the constructive programme, to remove the hardships in the present food problem and to serve Harijans. The meeting also resolved to enlist 30,000 members before January 15 next.—A. P.

The Muslim League has captured all the Muslim seats in the newly constituted Cawnpore Municipal Board in the recent elections. Many of the opponents of the League members polled no votes while some secured only one vote.



Distinctive of a design which is both handsome and durable, this "A-1" Regulator has for long been favoured by the Indian public. In its class it holds the pride of place, being built throughout in strict conformity with the best traditions of our firm. Prudent buyers will find it particularly invaluable.

Due to irregular arrivals, it may not be possible to supply all the patterns advertised, but every effort will be made to execute orders as far as our stocks permit us to do so. According to the latest Paper Control Order, we regret that no Catalogues can be sent.

The "A-1" REGULATOR
16" Strong Keyless Lever Watch
Nickel Silver Case — Rs. 44

WEST END WATCH CO.,
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

THE JAYABHARAT INSURANCE CO., LTD.
OFFER YOU
SECURITY AND SERVICE

The Management have pleasure in announcing that a LIFE DEPARTMENT has now been opened.

Issued & Subscribed Capital	Rs. 50,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 25,00,000

Chairman: Navinchandra Mafatlal, Esq.
Director-in-Charge: Laxmidas P. Goculdas, Esq.

Transactions Include

FIRE: MARINE: ACCIDENT INSURANCES

For All Your Insurance Problems Consult Us. It entails on you no obligation whatever.

THE JAYABHARAT INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.
22, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

Every Home Needs This WORLD-FAMED HEALER

ZAM-BUK For Skin Troubles and Injuries.

YOU cannot do better than keep Zam-Buk in your home. World-famed for half-a-century, this valuable herbal ointment is the ideal first aid in cases of emergency. So, use it for all your cuts, bruises, burns, scalds and similar daily mishaps. All you have to do is smear the ointment over the sore places and healing will start at once. The valuable herbal oils in Zam-Buk are readily absorbed into the tissues. Thus pain is soothed, inflammation reduced and any unpleasant discharge dried up. Zam-Buk nourishes the skin and heals without a scar. For eczema, ulcers, leg sores, ringworm, itch, boils, etc., Zam-Buk is guaranteed free from animal fat.

Use ZAM-BUK HERBAL OINTMENT

'IMAGE OF NEO SARACENISM'

Hari Singh Gour's Reply To Rahmat Ali And Latif Regarding Pakistan

LONDON, Nov. 15: Sir Hari Singh Gour, in a letter to the "Manchester Guardian" to-day, replies at length to the points raised by Mr. M. A. Latif in his letter to the newspaper on November 8.

Sir Hari Singh says: "Both Chaudhri Rahmat Ali and Mr. Latif do not realise that the Moslems of India do not form a solid block but are interspersed among the people of India and their numerical preponderance at one time is merely temporary and liable to be disturbed by migration, re-conversion and growing industrialisation of the country, while collective farming schemes intended to multiply the agricultural produce of the country, render communal separatism not only impossible but suicidal".

Sir Hari Singh adds: "Pakistan, in its inception and conception, is mischievous, bears the image of neo-Saracenism which may have caught a poet's fancy. It has been adopted by the League as a bargaining counter against the Hindus but the bulk of Moslems in India are conceivably against it, as witness the two Moslem Provinces of Sind and Frontier Province which are both pro-Congress and openly anti-League, while the Shiahs of India, forming a fourth of the Moslems, and the Indian Majlis are both shouting "Save us from our friends".—Reuter.

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI

The Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali, which was established in Bombay in 1902 with the object of rendering financial aid by way of scholarships to poor and deserving students of the Gowd Saraswat Brahman Community, awarded scholarships of the aggregate value of Rs. 11,635 to 156 students, male and female, in various parts of the country. During the 42 years of its existence, the Mandali, of which Sir S. S. Patkar, Dewan Bahadur Dr. J. S. Nerurkar and Mr. S. A. Sabnis, Solicitor, are the present Trustees, has advanced nearly three lakhs of rupees in scholarships to about 1450 G. S. B. students all over India. The Mandali has, at present, a membership of 1850, made up of 29 patrons, 21 fellows, 616 life members and 1184 ordinary members. The reserve and endowment funds aggregate Rs. 2,53,582.

Telephone: No. 30154 Telegrams: "ADLOOK"

ALCO INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

We have pleasure in ANNOUNCING

that we have started underwriting FIRE INSURANCE business.

A. A. JASDENVALA, Managing Director.

"Rahimtoola House" Homji Street, Fort, Bombay.

INFALLIBLE BODY BUILDER

HAPPITONE

GOLD, STORAX, YOHIMBIN COMPOUND

Price Rs. 2 Postage Extra.

Dr. PREM'S LABORATORIES. LAHORE.

GUARANTEED

Listerine Antiseptic is guaranteed to be just the proper strength. It is never too strong for safety. Never too weak for effectiveness. Insist upon Listerine Antiseptic.

LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

*Efficient * Cool * Accurate*

Navigating Officer This clear-headed young man is the Navigating Officer. His duty is to fix the ship's position and be responsible to his Captain for the safe navigation of the ship at sea. It is for this that his thorough training stands him in good stead; he takes readings with his sextant, makes calculations and adjusts the ship's course. His is a task of great responsibility but he is a match for it. That bearing of quiet authority comes from pride in his task and the finest training in the world. If you are fit and have a good education, you can share in the pride and efficiency that goes with the uniform of an officer in the Royal Indian Navy.

THINK OF YOUR POST-WAR CAREER TOO!

In the field of civil industry, India is progressing rapidly and there is no doubt that many well-trained executives will be required for civil appointments when conditions return to normal. Provincial Governments, too, are reserving a large number of civil service appointments for men who have been employed by the Services. When peace comes, the men with administrative experience who do not flinch at responsibility will be preferred for both civil and government employment. Ex-officers of the Royal Indian Navy will possess all the qualifications demanded by astute employers.

APPLY NOW. Get your application form I.A.F.Z-2290 from the Secretary, Provincial Selection Board, District Magistrate, Commissioner of Police or Recruiting Office.

R·I·N

India's Navy

AAA 1151(e)

U. S. TO HELP BRITAIN BALANCE HER BUDGET?

State Dept. Reported To Be Negotiating Loan For 5,000 Million Dollars

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

The United States Government, according to the Washington correspondent of the "Wall Street Journal" is negotiating a loan for Britain of 5,000 million dollars. He described it as a "special credit to help balance Britain's international budget," and adds that "American officials argue that it will be as vital to sustain this ally during the critical early days of demobilisation and peace as it is in wartime. So far our Lend-Lease shipments to Britain approach 12,000 million dollars." The orginators of the programme expect President Roosevelt to submit it in whatever final form it might take to the new Congress in January.—Reuter.

FRANCO PREPARES FOR ANOTHER CIVIL WAR

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The "United Press of India" political correspondent understands that fifteen thousand picked Franco troops are massed behind Spain's sealed frontier in the foot-hills of Pyrenees, West of Andorra. Astute observers in London believe that General Franco will soon have to issue a military 'communique' from day to day as it is possible that civil war on the pattern of the last Spanish Revolution may be fought again. General Franco does not seem to be taking any chances, for he knows that he is a dictator only so long as he has an armed might to back him.

The "United Press of India" was reliably informed by the democratic Spanish circles in London that Franco's picked troops consist of Falange formations and are accompanied by General Jordana himself, who is the Minister of War. The only conclusion to be drawn from this, said a Spanish friend, was that Franco was in no mood to ignore the presence of three Spanish Guerrilla divisions only few miles north of Andorra.—United Press.

JOINT FAMILY FIRMS

High Court's Decision

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati.)

K. B. Shete .....Plaintiff.

v.

B. B. Hedej and Others .....Defendants.

The plaintiff sued to recover Rs. 10,252-8-0 lent to the defendants, members of a joint Hindu family since separated, for the purpose of the joint family business. The loans were made to the "Karta" of the family who had executed pro-notes in favour of the plaintiff. On February 5, 1938, partition was effected among the members of the family, and the next day the "Karta" renewed pro-notes in favour of the plaintiff amounting to Rs. 8,055.

The question which arose for decision was whether the "Karta" had any authority to bind the other members of the family by renewing the pro-notes and thus giving an acknowledgment of liability so as to save limitation, after partition had taken place.

His Lordship held, after reviewing a large number of authorities on the point, that in determining the liability of members of a joint family for debts incurred by the "Karta" regard should be had to the principles of the law of partnership in so far as they were not opposed to the principles of Hindu Law applicable to joint family firms. His Lordship held that the principle of the law of partnership requiring the members of a firm to give notice of dissolution to their creditors was not opposed to Hindu Law, and that therefore there was an obligation on the defendants to give notice of severance of status and in the absence of such intimation the plaintiff was not affected by such severance. His Lordship therefore passed a decree for the plaintiff against the defendants.

Mr. S. G. Tendulkar and Mr. M. B. Laud instructed by Messrs. Khanderao Laud & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. P. P. Khambatta instructed by Messrs. Patell and Ezekiel appeared for the defendants.

Annual Flower Show For City

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A new item of activity intended to "improve the aesthetic taste" of Bombay's citizens was undertaken by the Bombay Municipal Corporation today, when the Mayor, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, appointed a committee called the Bombay Vegetable, Fruit and Flower Show Committee, in consultation with a number of prominent citizens representing various institutions and interests. The Committee will organise every year a flower, vegetable and fruit show. The first show to be organised under the aegis of the Bombay Municipal Corporation will be opened in the city some time in February next.

The last show held in the city in February 1944 was organised by a private society of which Mrs. Lilavati Munshi was the main organiser.

In handing over charge of this activity to the Mayor today, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi said that she was happy to see her dream come true—the dream of seeing the Municipality interesting itself in a fruit, vegetable and flower show. She had worked for this end for the last seven years.

In asking for the co-operation of citizens, the Mayor said that the great success of last year's fruit, flower and vegetable show in the city had inspired the Municipality to take over this activity. Besides enlightening the citizens on ways of growing vegetables, fruits and flowers, the aim of the exhibition was to help Bombay to develop an aesthetic sense.

The permanent committee which will organise the show every year is composed of the Mayor, the Chairmen of the various committees of the Corporation, the Municipal Commissioner and representatives of important institution in the city.

HAVOC OF FEVER: 200 VILLAGERS DIE IN FORTNIGHT.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 15.

Heavy epidemic fever prevails in village Dharnidhar in Vav State. About 200 persons died within a fortnight due to malignant fever. Everyday five to seven deaths occur. People are terrified. Dharnidhar is a centre of pilgrimage in the area of Kankreji Tharadari Wadhiar and Cutch. It is very far, about 50 miles from the railway station and no necessary medical aid is possible.

24 JAP SHIPS SUNK IN FAR EASTERN WATERS

Anti-Submarine Vessel In East Java Sea Destroyed

LONDON, Nov 15.

Twenty-four Japanese ships have been sunk by British submarines in Far Eastern waters it is officially announced tonight (Wednesday).

An Admiralty communique tonight says: "Further 23 supply ships and an anti-submarine vessel have been sunk by His Majesty's submarine operating against the Japanese in Far Eastern waters.

ANTI-SUBMARINE VESSEL SUNK

The anti-submarine vessel which was destroyed was intercepted in East Java Sea south of Celebes and was sunk by a torpedo.

Since the beginning of this year British submarines operating in Far Eastern waters have sunk one Japanese cruiser of the Kuma class and 157 other ships ranging from large supply vessels to anti-submarine craft.

A 7,000-ton Japanese aircraft carrier was hit by a torpedo and is believed to have sunk and another Japanese cruiser was also damaged by torpedo. In addition 31 ships of various sizes have been damaged during the same period.

Several British submarines have also carried out a number of successful bombardments against Japanese shore installations.

Nicobar islands in the Bay of Bengal were last shelled by units of the Eastern Fleet on October 21.—Reuter.

Americans Sever Ormoc Road

PHILIPPINES, Nov. 15.

American units have "practically severed the Ormoc Road", it was stated to-night, says a 'communique' from General MacArthur's Headquarters.

Egyptian Parliament Dissolved

CAIRO, Nov. 15.

The Egyptian Parliament was to night (Wednesday) dissolved by Royal Decree. The new Parliament is to assemble on January 18, that is after a period of two months permitted by the constitution. General election will be held in December.—Reuter.

United Nations Meeting In January

MONTREAL, Nov. 15.

The "Montreal Star" states to-day that the second United Nations meeting will be held in Montreal in the middle of January. January 15, was mentioned as the tentative date. The newspaper said that the meeting will be held in Montreal in the middle of January and that the meeting was expected to last a month. The official announcement will be made shortly in London, Washington, Moscow and Ottawa it added.—Reuter.

OIL CONCESSIONS IN PERSIA

Britain Not Inclined To Negotiate Agreement In View Of Iran Govt.'s Announcement

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Mr. Richard Law, Minister of State, told the Commons today that the suggestion by the Labour Member Mr. Price that Britain should take the initiative to negotiate an agreement between Persia, Britain, the United States and U.S.S.R. on future oil concessions in Persia in order to avoid friction with the U.S.S.R. was hardly consistent with the Persian Government's announcement that they intend to postpone the question of granting oil concessions until after the war.

Mr. Law made it clear that long standing concessions such as that of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company were not affected but only new concessions.—Reuter.

Madras Andhras' Confidence In Gandhiji's Leadership

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

The Madras District Andhra Congress Assembly was constituted today at a meeting of the Congress workers, Mr. Narayanmurthy presiding. The meeting adopted a resolution expressing full confidence in the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi and assuring him that they would carry out the Congress constructive programme.

By another resolution the meeting appealed to Gandhiji not to undertake the contemplated fast. The meeting condoled the death of Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi, Mr. Mahadeo Desai and others.—United Press.

ADVANTAGES OF 'LIMITED FAST'

Senapati Bapat's Advice To Mahatma

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Nov. 12.

"The students should not forget that they are slaves, and that is enough to goad them to action. Nothing is worse than slavery, and they must do everything possible to eradicate it" said Senapati Bapat, addressing the first session of the Nagpur Nagar Students Congress yesterday evening at the Convocation Hall. The dais was decorated with a Tri-colour flag.

Speaking about his talks with Gandhiji, Mr. Bapat said that he had a long talk with him, on the 9th November, when the latter was out for his evening stroll. He pressed Gandhiji not to undertake a fast for more than 7 days, because a longer fast would not only be detrimental to him, but also to the nation. He was confident that this limited fast would educate the public about the things he desires from them.

Gandhiji's Circular To Prominent Congressmen

The following is the text of the circular issued on October 9 by Khurshid Ben, Gandhiji's Secretary, to prominent Congressmen all over India.

"Dear Friend,

I want to place before Bapu at a convenient time all available information about the Congress organisation from 1942 to 1944.

I want your help in arranging to collect the following information: (1) Reports on the work of the Provincial Congress Committee from 1942 to 1944. (2) The number of prisoners imprisoned in your province, if possible with their classifications (i.e. Class I, II or III or A, B, C, etc.). (3) How many released and how many still behind prison bars? Please give separately the number of detenus and convicts, giving the period of sentence of the latter. (4) About convicts, please relate how many were sentenced under Special Ordinance or D. I. Rules and how many under regular penal laws. Also the number of those who received capital punishment and whether their sentences have been executed or are still in abeyance. (5) Whether the political prisoners received any legal or relieving aid and from whom? (6) What are the activities in which most of the Congress workers are at present engaged? (7) Is there any desire for being actively up and doing in absolutely non-violent activity? (8) What is the general morale and the attitude of the released prisoners? (9) How has Mahatma Gandhi's call to constructive work been received by workers? (10) Is there a clear conception of the implications of a dynamic constructive plan? (11) What is the attitude of the workers towards individual Civil Disobedience about which Gandhiji has said in his statement of July 13 at Panchgani? (See extract attached) (12) How is the normal Congress activity going on in your Province? Whether you have enrolled members and whether any programme for the reorganisation of the Committee has been made.

Please let us know. I shall thank you to collect the necessary information as quickly as possible and send it on by hand addressed to me. Yours sincerely.

(Extract from Gandhiji's statement of July 13, 1944: "People having difficulty are free to refer to me. But their approval of the stand taken by me must not be interpreted to mean suspension of the normal activities of the Congress and if the Government interfere with those activities the inherent right of individual resistance to evil is in no way suspended.")

MAHATMA SEES LEADERS.

WARDHA, Nov. 15: Mahatma Gandhi saw several Indian leaders today. Dr. Jivaraj Mehta discussed with Gandhiji medicinal relief schemes for villages, under the Kasturba Trust and proposed a maternity home at Sewagram. It is understood, he does not emphasise on any particular system, but desires facilities for research in cheap medicines. He left for Bombay.

Messrs. Gulzarilal Nanda, Kaleswara Rao, Mahomed Yusuf Quereishi and Abidalli Jafferbhoy, also saw Mahatmaji.—A. P.

Purchase Of Calcutta Tramways

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15: The Calcutta Corporation at a general meeting today accepted the recommendations of the Public Utilities and Markets Committee to purchase the entire tramway undertaking on and from January 1, 1945.

The majority of European councillors voted against the acceptance of the recommendations. Members of the Muslim League remained neutral.—A. P.

"Under Cover" At Excelsior

"The Wizard Of Oz" At Metro

By T. V. P.

A story as dramatic, thrilling, spectacular and inspiring as the best that can be imagined to emerge out of this conflict is 'Under Cover', the United Artists Release at Excelsior this week. The stars are John Clements, Tom Walls, Godfrey Tearle, Michael Wilding and Mary Morris, and the story takes us to the eventful days of 1941 when the Germans turned their attention and their savagery towards the happy, peaceful yet fiercely patriotic people of Jugoslavia.

"SAN DEMETRIO LONDON"

"San Demetrio London" is a name that will be long remembered among the great adventure stories of the sea. A true story, as miraculous as the masterpieces of fiction from the pen of Joseph Conrad or Tomlinson. It is the Odyssey of a simple cargo ship—that most dangerous species, the oil tanker—with her crew of simple men from every corner of the British Isles. Scot and Welshman, "Geordie" and man-of-Kent lose their individuality as they are welded into a team in the crucible of hardship and danger. Even the greatest individualist of them all, the Yank, who has signed on for a one-way-passage to England, sacrifices his egoism to the common good.

"THE WIZARD OF OZ" AT METRO

"The Wizard of Oz" is an all-family picture. It will delight adults. The picture has all of the charm of Baum's delightful book which millions have read. But the story has an adult appeal in plot, cleverness in lines and situations, lilting songs which delight all lyrics which will amuse the youngsters and bring chuckles to the grown-ups. In addition it has some amazing colour scenes.

"THE SONG OF BERNADETTE"

As long as the human heart has the power to feel, to love, to suffer, to triumph, "The Song of Bernadette" will be remembered as a great motion picture. It is continued for another week at Regal.

In the title role of the Maid of Lourdes, Jennifer Jones makes the most auspicious debut in Hollywood history by winning the Best Actress Award. Here is a star—and one who has flared into being with a brilliance that shines with the mark of greatness.

"PIN UP GIRL" AT EROS

The once popular musical "Pin Up Girl" in Technicolor starring Betty Grable, Martha Raye, Joe E. Brown, John Harvey and Charlie Spivak and his swing Band is revived at Eros. Good support is lent by Eugene Pallette, The Skating Vanities and the Condos Brothers.

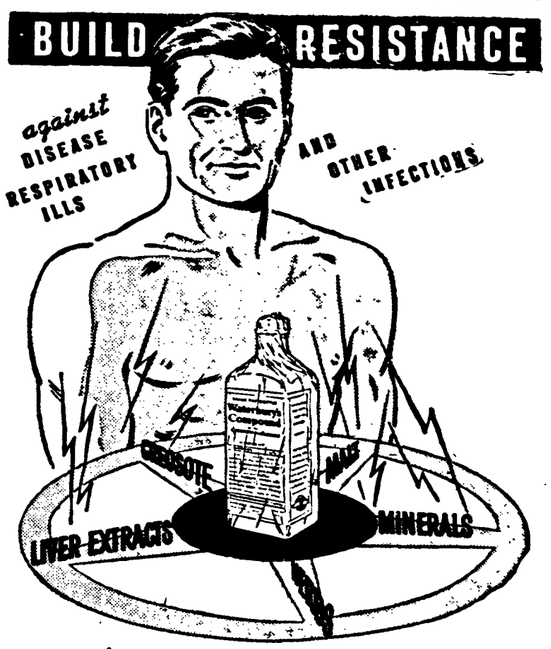
R.K.O. Radio's brilliant musical, "Higher and Higher," is now at Strand, Colaba. A gay, sprightly offering, laden with tunes and comedy far above the average, this picture should be an excellent piece of film fare even without the slender singer in its cast.

20th Century-Fox's great photoplay "Jane Eyre" starring Joan Fontaine and Orson Welles is at Aurora this week.

"Tarzan's Desert Mystery" is at Palace this week. It is crammed with fast-moving action, suspense and a great variety of thrills.

"Naziruddin in Bokhara", a Soviet film will be shown once again at Roxy on Sunday at 10 a. m.

BUILD RESISTANCE



For Young and Old

● Disease does not respect youth or age—given a weakened, rundown body, it goes to work quickly. Keep resistance high—keep healthy by regular use of Waterbury's Compound. In a mal-nourished condition, Waterbury's four times a day provides elements needed to counteract the effects of debility—stimulate appetite and help build greater vitality to resist disease.

Start taking Waterbury's Compound—today.

WATERBURY'S COMPOUND

KEEPS YOU FIT!

DRESS YOUR WOUND WITH DISFECTOPIL

AN IDEAL DISINFECTANT

Strongly recommended by doctors in the treatment of pain and infections associated with minor cuts, burns and abrasions

AVAILABLE IN LOTION AND JELLY.

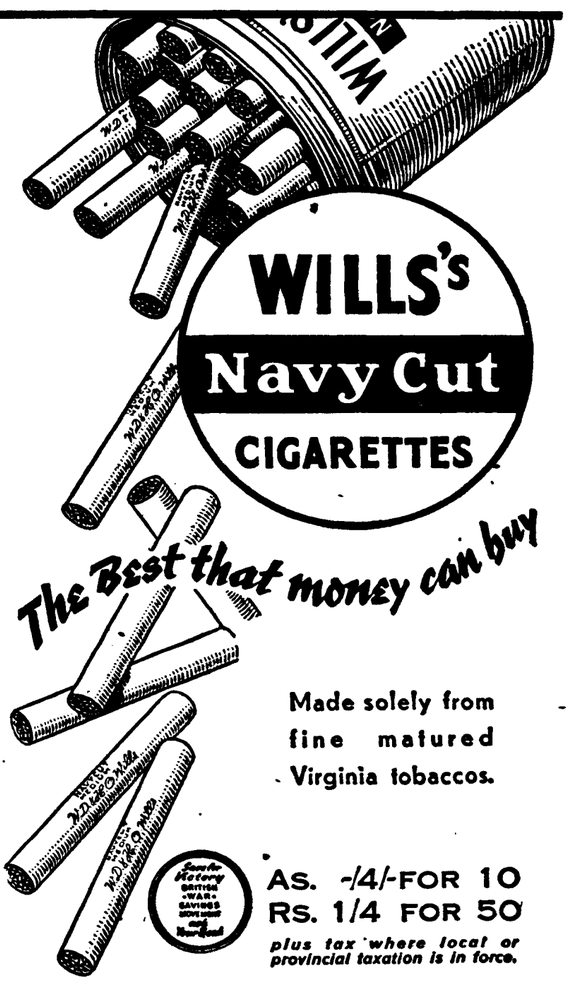
THE ORIENTAL PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

FACTORY:- MAHIM, CITY OFFICE:- 45/47, APOLLO ST, FORT, BOMBAY.

MANAGING AGENTS:- VASANTLAL KANTILAL & CO., LIMITED.

OPIL DEPOT: (WHOLESALE), FORT, MEHTA BUILDING, MEDOWS ST., PHONE: 32603

OPIL DEPOT: (RETAIL), PRINCESS STREET, CHAMPSEY BUILDING, BOMBAY, 2.



Made solely from fine matured Virginia tobaccos.

AS. -/4/- FOR 10
RS. 1/4 FOR 50

plus tax where local or provincial taxation is in force.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS. BRISTOL & LONDON.

WE/13

Share Bazar Displays Good Undertone

BULLION VERY STEADY AND COTTON NEGLECTED

BOMBAY, November 16.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled very steady and small but impressive gains were recorded. There seems to be more inclination to buy in view of increase in note circulation and absence of selling pressure.

The Bullion market was steady as usual with an active demand for cash. Cotton market remains neglected while Produce market was quiet.

The Bombay Stock Exchange resumed to-day after remaining closed for two days and under moderate support, the market was steady. There was selective buying and undertone was good. Outside participation remains at a low ebb and in the absence of any fresh development, quotations moved within a narrow range.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 2,102 and after improving to Rs. 2.110 steadied at Rs. 2,107. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 388 and advanced to Rs. 391. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1,792 and advanced to Rs. 1.796 but reacted to Rs. 1,791 under profit-taking. Kohinoor Mill Shares were placed at Rs. 596. Swadeshi Mill Shares gave a good account and after opening at Rs. 540 hardened to Rs. 548. Tata Mill Shares changed hands at Rs. 74 while Associated Cement Shares were realised at Rs. 241.

Later on there was renewed support and short covering which resulted in steady improvement in quotations and the session ended in a general rise. Cotton Mill Shares again took the lead and the market displayed cheerful tone. Tata Steel Dfds. advanced to Rs. 2,116/4 and Ordinary Shares closed at Rs. 391/8. Bombay Burmas were quiet at Rs. 485. Bombay Dyeings gained Rs. 21 at Rs. 1,807/8. Century Rs. 7/8 at Rs. 857/8. Kohinoors firmed up to Rs. 602. Swadesh recorded the maximum gain of Rs. 17 at Rs. 554. Nagpurs followed next showing a rise of Rs. 17 at Rs. 417. Indore Shares lost Rs. 6 at Rs. 776/4 and Scindia Shares were placed at Rs. 33/2.

Gold & Silver

The steady rise in the issue of currency notes encouraged active buying in the local bullion market where prices again moved up and day's sales were easily absorbed at higher rates.

The Reserve Bank sold 75,000 tolas Gold today at Rs. 64/2 and 300 bars Silver at Rs. 115/12. This supply again proved too small to satisfy the demand and the price trend was upward. It appears that the upcountry demand keeps on increasing the Bank is selling both Gold and Silver for a check of inflationary condition. It appears that the buyers look upon present price as reasonable as compared with other quotations.

The market opened at Rs. 63/12 for forward Gold and advanced to Rs. 64/4 under moderate buying and later steadied at Rs. 64. Ready Gold was quoted at a premium of annas ten at Rs. 64/10. Forward Silver trading commenced at Rs. 114/12 and quotation hardened to Rs. 115/4 and steadied at Rs. 115. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 116/12 or about rupee one over the Bank's selling rate. The premium for ready quotation is a positive proof of the existence of a large demand over daily Bank sales.

The market ruled very steady whole day and closing quotations were as under:

Ready Gold	64	12	0
Forward	64	8	0
Sovereigns	45	4	0
Ready Silver	117	6	0
Forward	115	14	0

Bombay Cotton

It is reported that the American Government has announced an export subsidy of 4 cents per lb. of American cotton on domestic price. This goes to prove that the American Government is anxious to capture foreign export trade and at the same time maintain higher domestic price for American cotton so that American cotton Growers may not have to suffer as Indian cotton growers have to do. The American Government thus will spend rate payers' money in the interest of cotton farmers. Looking to the present low price of Indian cotton, this subsidy will have no important effect but the fact remains that the Indian cotton prices will not able to improve.

The local market opened today at Rs. 409 for March delivery and improved to Rs. 411/4 in moderate buying influenced by unconfirmed war rumours. Tone was steady.

Later on there was scattered buying and March improved to Rs. 412. When the rise was checked by some realising. The market finally closed at 6 p. m. as under.

I.C.C. March	412	4	0
I.C.C. May	415	12	0

KUTCH HUNDI.
BHUJ, Nov. 16.
Kutch Hundi Koris 360/8 per Rs. 100.

COTTON PARITY.
Indian Cotton March contract is 604 cent. points under New York March at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.
Bombay, Nov. 15.

	Hi.	Lo.	Close.
I. C. C. March	411/4	409	410/4
I C. C. May	415	412/8	413/12
Karachi March	41/9	41/4/6	41/6/3

3-1/2 P. C. PAPER AT PAR.
Bombay, Nov. 16.
3-1/2 per cent Government Paper was very steady with good enquiry at Rs. 100.

Announcement Of Export Subsidy Rates

LARGE FRENCH DEMAND IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET.
New York, Nov. 15.

Prices advanced on overnight price-fixing and then sagged on emphasis on smaller than expected consumption and yesterday's reported German financial disturbance. Prices rallied on covering before the announcement of export subsidy rates after the close. Prices latterly ruled firm on increased fixations and reports of large French demands. The market closed firm. December delivery opened at 21.69 and after declining to 21.65 rose to 21.77. The market closed at a rise of 9 to 16 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 14 points at 22.26 c. per lb.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Nov. 15.
December 21.77+11 January 21.75+11 March 21.86+14 May 21.88+16 July 21.69+12 October 20.93+09 December highest 21.77+11 (2-30 p.m.) lowest 21.65 —01 (10-21 a.m.) Middling Spot 22.26+14

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
December 21.76+11 January —— March 21.89+13 Middling Spot 21.85+10

NOON CALL
December 21.89 March 21.78 May 21.79

WALL STREET MARKET.
New York, Nov. 15.

U. S. Steel	56-1/4+1/8
General Motors	60-3/4—
Anaconda Copper	26-3/4+1/8

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.
BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

Ahmedabad Advance 430 33/12
Apollo 4/4/3 4/7
Bharat 67 68 67/8 67/12
B. Dyeing 1787/8 93/12 90 95 88/12 95 90 1802/8 1797/8 1807/8
Bradbury (Ord) 335
Central India (Ord) 401 400 408 6/8 13 12 16/8 15/8 17
Central India (Pref) 727/8
Century 855 52/8 60 50 57/8
Colaba 223 26/8 26 27/8 27
Edward 780 77/8 810
Elphinstone (Ord) 92 94 92 92/8
Elphinstone (Pref) 126/4 25 28/12
Finlay 310/8 13 10/8 15 14 15
Gokak 316 19 18 21 19 22/8 22
India United (Defd) 3/4 3/3/6 3/4/6 3/4
India United (Ord) 15/8 15/10 15/6 15/10 15/9
Indore 783/12 87/8 82/8 86/4 76/4 82/8 76/4
Khatau 346/4
Kohinoor 593 97 95 98 95 601 599 602
Luxmi (Ord) 1350
Madusudan 445
Meyer 222/8 23/12 20 22/8 21/4
Model 282/8 80 85
Morarjee Gokuldas 657/8 55 60
Mysore 332/8
New City 405 2/8
New Great 410 12 11 14 12 18 16 20
Podar (Pref) 119
Sassoon Cotton 24/4 23/12
Shrinivas 347/8
Simplex 259/8 61 59/8 61/8 61 61/8 Swadeshi 538 44 42 49 46 48 47 51 48 54 52 54 52 54
Swan 326 30 28 32
Tata Mills 72 71/12 74/8 73 73/8 72/8 73 72/8
Vishnu 487/8 85 500
Coorla 236/14
Dawn 1160 70
New Union 27

BANKS:
Baroda 140/8 40/12
Central 86 85/4 85/12
Imperial (Old) 2013/12 17/8
Imperial (New) 508/12 10
India 190 92 91
Reserve 136 35/8 36
Union 9/13
United Commercial 87

ELECTRIC COS:
Ahmedabad 220 21/4 20
Ajmer 15
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1830
Tram (Ord) 149/12 49/8 50
Tram (Pref) 72
Karachi 231/4
Surat 217/8 18/12 17/8
Tata Hydro 207/8 8 7/8
Tata Power (Ord) 1932/8 35 25 27/8

INSURANCE COS:
British India 20/14
Empire 1045
Indian Mercantile 70/8
Jupiter 34/4 33/4 33/12
New India 84/8 85/4 84/4 85 84/12
Oriental 1240
Vulcan 18/12 18/6 18/10
Neptune 10/8
Bombay Steam (Ord) 575 70 75
Scindia 32 31/8 32/5 32/2
Tata Steel (Defd) 2102/8 15 6/4 12/8 5 10 6/4 16/4
Tata Steel (Ord) 388/8 91 89 90/8 89/8 91 90/8 92 91 91/8
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 163 62/8

MISCELLANEOUS:
Alcock 462/8 60 61/4
A. Cement 241/12 42 41/8 42/12 41/8 42/4 42
Belapur 242 44 42 43/8
Burma (Old) 485 88/12 83/12 85
Burma (New) 181/4 18/14
B. B. Petrol 3/15/6 3/14/9 3/15
Dharamsey Chemical 57 58/8 57 58
Indian Bleaching 187 88
I. J. Trust 123
Construction (Ord) 215 13 14
P. Construction (1st Pref) 141 41/4
P. Construction (2nd Pref) 139
Shivrajpur 61/8 60/8 61/8 61 61/8
Tata Chemical (Ord) 21/6 21/8 21/2 21/4
Tata Chemical (Pref) 127/8
Tata Oil 79 78/8 80 79
Wimco 305 6/4

BOMBAY PRODUCE
BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The groundnuts market was quiet while linseed was steady with a moderate business. Groundnuts Bombay Bold were quoted at Rs. 13/4 and Khandesh quality at Rs. 13/9. Goa delivery stood at Rs. 14/1. Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 15/3. Goa delivery Rs. 15/4 and January/March Rs. 14/10. Navlakhi Rs. 15/4. Linseed G.I.P. Mogla Rs. 14/7. January/March Rs. 14/5/6. C.P. and U.P. Linseed was quoted at Rs. 14/11.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS
BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

Cotton Bales	2,469
Groundnuts cwts	9300
Cotton Seeds cwts	9,340
Linseed cwts	6,262
Castorseed cwts	338
Tilseeds cwts	175

LONDON WHEAT
LONDON, Nov. 15.
Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new) 41 Nov/Dec quoted
Wheat Australian (bulk) 45 Nov/Dec quoted
Wheat Australian (bags) 48 Nov/Dec quoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
LONDON, Nov. 15.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 pc	72-3/8
Consols 2-1/2 pc	31-5/16
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	105
War Loan 3-1/2 pc	103-7/8
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	113-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 pc	113-9/16
Chartered Bank of I. A. & China	10-7/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	85
National Bank of India	42-1/2

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.
LIABILITIES: Notes held in the Banking Department Rs. 8,77,02,000; Notes in circulation Rs. 972,23,21,000; Total Notes issued Rs. 981,00,23,000.
ASSETS: A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—(a) Held in India Rs. 44,41,43,000; Sterling Securities Rs. 866,32,89,000; Total of A. Rs. 910,74,32,000; B. Rupee Coin Rs. 12,41,86,000; Government of India Rupee Securities Rs. 57,84,05,000; Total Assets Rs. 981,00,23,000.
Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 92.838 per cent.

Old Order To Give Place To New

Rajaji Foresees Planned Civil Life As A Whole In India

MADRAS, Nov. 15.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari speaking today at the Pachaiyappas College Economic Association foreshadowed that planned civil life would be the essence of the future order. He said that with this war would end several notions held precious till now.

Laissez Faire would have received its extreme unction. The economic doctrine of non-interference of state in industry and the political doctrine of individualism would both be extinct.

He said that after the war industries would come under state control and efficient businessmen would become Government servants. War time control had given a new confidence both to the people and the Government and consequently the change over from the individual to state control would be fairly easy.

It might not be accomplished altogether or all at once but it would proceed on a long course of trial and difficulty.

The rate of progress would depend upon the number and quality of human material in each country for national organisation.

He stated that although corruption might be there for sometime after switching on to state control, it would disappear as efficiency was gained in its working. He added that "the old order of a few exploiting many by the Divine Right of capital would ultimately go" and that state planned civil life as a whole would come into existence. —A. P.

7 Injured In Train Accident At Patipukar Station

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Seven persons were injured, two seriously, as a result of a train accident.

It is reported that when a local train was entering the Patipukar station, a number of people who were travelling on the footboard dashed against a stationary lorry on the platform and were thrown off the train.—A. P.

The Junagadh State has notified that bonafide travellers coming to stay in Junagadh State should bring their requirements of foodgrains, sugar and kerosene with themselves and that their import of these commodities for their personal use is not prohibited and that the commodities thus imported will not be frozen.

YARN MARKET VERY STEADY WITH LIMITED TURNOVER

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

Since our last report prices in all counts of yarns have remained very steady but the turnover has been very limited. The scarcity in medium and fine counts still continues as before and in many cases the consumers have been finding it extremely difficult to secure their requirements even in small quantities. In case of coarse counts, prices have remained steady and unchanged and moderate quantities are available from the dealers to the consumers. Reports from various important consuming districts all over the country go to show that moderate quantities of yarns except in fine counts are now available in almost all centres and that as, least some Provincial Controllers have been taking care, to see that all these yarns are distributed at controlled prices.

In the Madras Presidency the distribution has been taking place satisfactorily but the dealers and quota holders are finding considerable difficulties as a result of the new scheme recently introduced in that Presidency. As regards Bengal, the distribution continues yet unsatisfactory probably because of the adjustment that is taking place at present in this connection but it is understood that some satisfactory scheme is being evolved by the Authorities in Bengal though it is difficult to forecast when that scheme will come into operation.

It is understood that the new scheme for yarn distribution which is being vigorously worked out by the Textile Commissioner is likely to be made known to the public in the next few weeks after it has been considered by the meeting of the Textile Control Board to be held by the end of this month. Dealers and consumers are eagerly awaiting this new scheme and it is hoped that it will be such as would satisfy not only the dealers but also the consumers who have been finding considerable difficulties in receiving supplies at present. In the meantime the market continues to remain unchanged and we do not expect any material change in the near future.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 10th November 1944:—

LIABILITIES.
CAPITAL: Rs. 5,62,50,000; Reserve Fund Rs. 5,92,50,000; Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts Rs. 240,74,03,000; Sundries Rs. 1,39,95,000. Total Rs. 253,68,98,000.
ASSETS.
INVESTMENTS: Government Securities Rs. 145,76,02,000; Other Authorised Investments Rs. 3,70,51,000. ADVANCES: Loans Rs. 8,75,71,000; Cash Credits and Overdrafts Rs. 44,92,01,000; Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 3,82,41,000; Dead Stock Rs. 1,69,26,000; Sundries Rs. 1,25,22,000. CASH: In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India Rs 43,06,95,000; Balances with other Banks Rs. 70,89,000. Total Rs. 253,68,98,000.

INCREASE OF RS. 9 CRORES IN NOTES.
The weekly statement of the Reserve Bank for the week ended 10th Nov shows a sharp increase of about Rs. 9 crores in note circulation: Total notes issued increased from Rs. 972,03,25,000 to Rs. 981,00 23,000.

HAND IN YOUR RATION CARD BEFORE LEAVING BOMBAY

ONE SIDE

Possession of a ration card entitles you to draw rations while in Bombay.

THE OTHER SIDE

In return you owe the DUTY to see that it is not illegally used in your absence and that you return it when you leave Bombay.

★ ★ ★ ★

And remember: Failure to report departures and drawal of rations on absentees' cards are offences; several persons have been convicted for committing these offences.

'ASPRO' is here!

REFUSE CLEVER IMITATIONS, SEE THAT THE WORD 'ASPRO' IS ON EVERY TABLET

'ASPRO' STOPS PAIN & FEVER IN 10 MINUTES. IT DOES NOT HARM THE HEART OR STOMACH.

Even a Child can Safely take 'ASPRO'

'ASPRO' CONTROLLED PRICES As. 1 PER PACKET OF 3 TABLETS. As. 10 PER PACKET OF 30 TABLETS.

Distributors:— J. L. MORISON, SON & JONES (India) LTD. P. O. BOX 158, BOMBAY (Phone 30958) and Branches.

'ASPRO' IS SOLD EVERYWHERE

ANTISEPTINE

THE SAFE & SURE ANTISEPTIC with A PLEASANT TASTE

Antiseptine has long been a favourite mouth wash and is now being used extensively to clean and dress wounds and burns. It is a powerful deodorant and good for the scalp.

SMITH STANISTREET & CO. LTD.
CALCUTTA · BOMBAY · MADRAS · LUCKNOW · AMRITSAR · KARACHI

TIMBER.

Trade enquiries are invited for softwood planks & junglewood scantlings. Can supply a good quantity of 1" softwood planks from ready stock.

Apply to:
G. P. O. Box. No. 736, BOMBAY.

50% BONUS

for old age

Rs. 1,500 for Rs. 1,000.

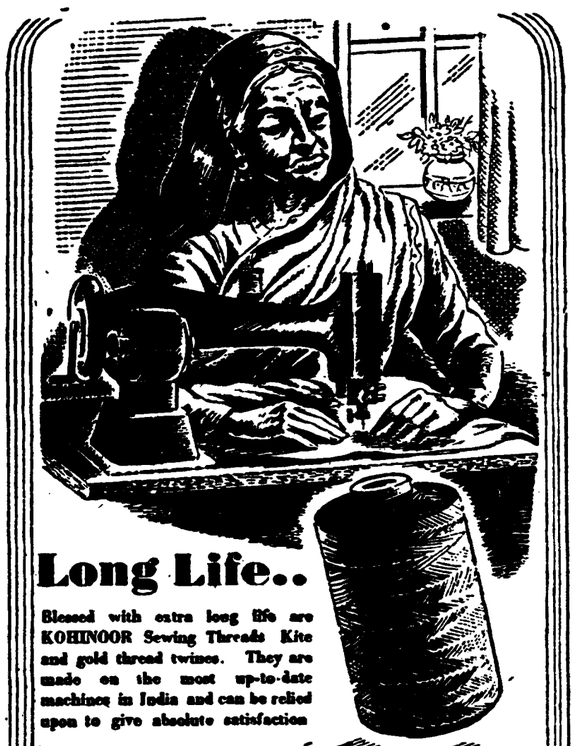
50% capital increase in twelve years. You can invest from Rs. 10 to Rs. 5,000 in absolute safety in NATIONAL SAVINGS CERTIFICATES.

INCOME-TAX FREE

National Savings Certificates

BUY THEM from Authorised Agents appointed by Government OR FROM SAVINGS BUREAUX OR POST OFFICES

1236



Long Life..

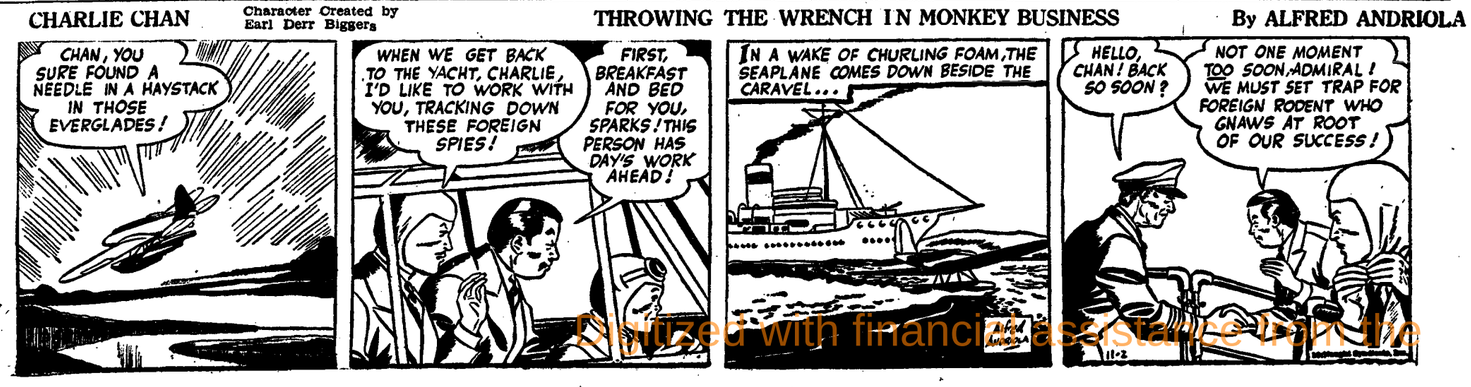
Blessed with extra long life are KOHINOOR Sewing Threads Kite and gold thread twines. They are made on the most up-to-date machines in India and can be relied upon to give absolute satisfaction

Kohinoor
SEWING THREADS & TWINES

Enquiries to:-
NAHALCHAND LALOOCHAND
Baria Building, - - Pydhonie, BOMBAY.
Sadar Bazar, Delhi; Bazar Bibiamrian, Amritsar, Baranpuri Bhagol, Surat.
Distributors for Mysore State:
Himatlal Laxmichand & Co., Kumbhar Peth, Bangalore.

NJ 227

CHARLIE CHAN Character Created by Earl Derr Biggers — THROWING THE WRENCH IN MONKEY BUSINESS — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA


CHAN, YOU SURE FOUND A NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK IN THOSE EVERGLADES!
WHEN WE GET BACK TO THE YACHT, CHARLIE, I'D LIKE TO WORK WITH YOU, TRACKING DOWN THESE FOREIGN SPIES!
FIRST, BREAKFAST AND BED FOR YOU, SPARKS! THIS PERSON HAS DAY'S WORK AHEAD!
IN A WAKE OF CHURLING FOAM, THE SEAPLANE COMES DOWN BESIDE THE CARAVEL...
HELLO, CHAN! BACK SO SOON?
NOT ONE MOMENT TOO SOON, ADMIRAL! WE MUST SET TRAP FOR FOREIGN RODENT WHO GNAWS AT ROOT OF OUR SUCCESS!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Welders wanted for Gas Welding on thin Sheets. Only experienced hand need apply Karbogaz Manufactory 4/6, Duncan Road. 6582

Wanted for the Income-tax Department first class or second class B.Com., with advanced accountancy for temporary post of Assistant Inspector|Examiner—pay Rs. 120-8-160 with prospects of eventual confirmation: Apply sharp to: Commissioner of Income-tax (Central), Bombay. (1026)

Required an experienced butler for Palace. Only those who have worked in a State or a first-class hotel need apply stating age, experience and pay acceptable with references to the Private Secretary, Palanpur (North Gujerat). (996)

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted: One or two rooms with bath anywhere Bombay, Parel, Byculla for two Europeans. Please state rent to Box No. 1024 c|o "Bombay Chronicle."

LOST AND FOUND

Lost a bank draft on Central Bank of India Bombay, on 14th instant between Matunga, Dadar and Santa Cruz. Finder Reward Rs. 50. Please communicate Box No. 6583, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLET

For Kashmir Novelties Consult Wamdeves Art Emporium, Dalgate Srinagar Kashmir, Arts, Crafts, Shawls, Silks, Tweeds, Fresh and Dried Fruits, Pure Safron, Honey-Jams, Vegetable and Flower Seeds, etc. 6528

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Sola Hats—A sample lot to be cleared at Bargain prices. All sizes and qualities. Come early and select the best. Delhi Hat Works, 244 Ripon Road, Madanpura, Bombay. (6586)

English make brand new electric motors available from ready stock squirrel cage upto thirty horse, slipring from fifteen to hundred horse, exhaust fans with single phase motors blowers centrifugal for oil fired furnaces and foundries pumpingsets for all purposes, boiler feed pumps, steam traps etc. Ask United India Engineering 76, Old Custom House Road, First Floor, Bombay. 6550

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

REVISED ORDER FIXING PRICES OF COCOANUT OIL

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY has cancelled notification No. 54|IV-B of January 26, 1944 fixing the prices of refined cocoanut oil. The Government has also amended notification No. 54|IV-A, also of January 26, 1944 fixing the prices of crude cocoanut oil. The effect of the amendment is that the prices of crude cocoanut oil as fixed in that Order are now made applicable to all types of cocoanut oil except perfumed cocoanut hair oil. As amended the Order so far as it pertains to cocoanut oil stands as follows:—

No. 54 (2) IV-A—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the Order issued in Government notification Finance Department (Supply), No. 54-IV, dated the 21st August 1943, the Government of Bombay is pleased to order that cocoanut oil other than perfumed cocoanut hair oil shall not be sold at any place within the limits of the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District at prices higher than the prices specified below, namely:—

Cocoanut oil other than perfumed cocoanut hair oil (naked).
Ex-works price .. Rs. 830 per ton
Wholesale price .. Rs. 860 per ton for sales of one quarter (28 lb. and over).
Retail price .. Rs. 0-6-6 per lb.

Bombay Castle,
November 14, 1944.

A. D. GORWALA,
Secretary to Government,
Bombay. 816

ORDER

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
(SUPPLY)

Bombay Castle, 15th November, 1944.

No. 54 (2)|IV-A. In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the Order issued in Government Notification, Finance Department (Supply), No. 54(2)|IV-B, dated the 3rd April 1944 and of so much of the order issued in Government Notification No. 54|IV-A, dated the 26th January, 1944, as relates to copra cake, the Government of Bombay is pleased to order that with effect from 16th November 1944, copra cake shall not be sold at any place within the limits of the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District at prices higher than the prices specified below, namely:

COPRA CAKE

WHOLESALE PRICE.—Rs. 6-12-0 per bag of 6 quarters (including the cost of gunny bag).

RETAIL PRICE.—Rs. 1-5-3 per quarter (naked, including the cost of gunny bag when the sale is of one or more bags).

EXPLANATION:—For the purposes of this order wholesale sale means sale by the wholesale distributors and retail sale means sale by the retail distributors, authorised under the Bombay Cattle-feed Rationing Order, 1944.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
A. D. GORWALA.
Secretary to Government. (816)

PUBLIC NOTICES

EMPLOYMENT OF TECHNICAL PERSONNEL
CONTROL OF ADVERTISEMENTS BY EMPLOYERS.

Scheme for the control of advertisements for technical personnel in newspapers and periodicals and of making of offers of employment to technical personnel who respond to advertisements.

Being attracted by higher emoluments, technical personnel employed on war work often apply for vacancies advertised in newspapers and periodicals. If, after selection, the Tribunal refuses permission to leave employment, they either malinger or abscond and war work suffers. It has, therefore, become necessary to control the issue of advertisements for technical personnel.

The control will not apply to advertisements issued by the Federal Public Service Commission and the Provincial Public Service Commissions. It will also not apply to advertisements for trainees. In the first instance the control will apply only to the categories of technical personnel mentioned in the order below.

The control will, however, apply not only to advertisements published by private industrial undertakings but also to those issued by Departments of the Provincial as well as the Central Government.

Applications for permission to issue advertisements will be made in the form prescribed below and the Tribunal will communicate its decision within 48 hours of the receipt of applications. The tribunal may suggest variations in the terms and conditions of service offered and will, 'inter alia', take the following factors into consideration:—

(1) whether the technical personnel can be secured without the proposed advertisement, for example, from men on the registers of the Employment Exchanges at Bombay and Ahmedabad;
(2) whether the technical personnel required are needed by other undertakings for work of greater national importance;
(3) whether the terms offered are likely to upset the labour employed in other industries.

If permission to advertise is granted and candidates selected are employed in any industrial undertakings, training establishments or Offices or Departments under the Crown, the employers will forward their applications to the Tribunal for its approval before offering them employment.

TEXT OF THE ORDER

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (b) of rule 12C of the National Service (Technical Personnel) Rules, 1940, we do hereby order:—

(i) that no advertisement for technical personnel of the clauses specified in Appendix I shall be issued or published by any industrial undertaking in any newspaper or periodical except through or with the general or special approval of the Manager, Employment Exchange, Bombay.

(ii) that an industrial undertaking shall not offer employment to technical personnel of the classes specified in Appendix I, if they are selected for employment in consequence of an advertisement issued with the approval mentioned in paragraph (1) above, and if the selected candidates are employed in any industrial undertaking, training establishments or offices or departments under the Crown, without first obtaining the approval of the Chairman of the Tribunal.

2. Industrial undertakings wishing to advertise for technical personnel of the specified classes should send an application in the form given in Appendix II, along with a copy of the Draft advertisement for the scrutiny and approval of the Tribunal before publication.

3. The penalty for breach of this order is fine which may extend to Rs. 1,000|-

4. This order shall have effect from 1st December, 1944.

Date, 14-11-44 D. R. PRADHAN, I.C.S.,
Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal,
Fort, Bombay.

APPENDIX I.

This order shall apply to the categories of technical personnel enumerated below (including Workshop Foremen and Assistant Foremen, Chargehands and Chargemen and Supervisors and skilled and semi-skilled operatives):—

(1) Aircraft Mechanics, (2) Blacksmiths, Angle Smiths, Spring Makers, Heavy Forge Smiths, Drop Stampers, (3) Boiler Makers, Platers, (4) Carpenters, Joiners, (5) Chemical Assistants (Analysts), (6) Coppersmiths, (7) Die Sinkers, (8) Draughtsmen (Mechanical and Jig and Tool), (9) Electricians, (10) Fitters including engine fitters, ship fitters, mechanics, etc., (11) Instrument Mechanics, (12) Machinists, drillers, shapers, millers, planers, polishers and grinders, (13) Millwrights, (14) Moulders, (15) Plumbers, (16) Riveters, (17) Tinsmiths, (18) Tool Hardeners, (19) Tool Makers, (20) Turners, (21) Welders (Acetylene and Electric).

APPENDIX II.

Form of application from industrial undertakings for permission to advertise for technical personnel.

The application should be made to the Manager, Employment Exchange, Bombay enclosing with it a draft of the advertisement.

1. Name of industrial undertaking.
2. Address of Industrial undertaking. Telephone No. Telegraphic address.
3. Trades in which technical personnel are required.
4. Qualifications (educational and technical) and degree of skill required of the technical personnel.
5. Number of technical personnel required.
6. Period of employment.
7. Situation of work and nearest Railway Station.
8. Name or designation of person to whom the technical personnel should report.
9. Precise nature of work on which the personnel will be employed.
10. Rate of pay and hours of work.
11. Allowances and concessions:—
    (i) Dearness allowance.
    (ii) Overtime worked and rates for overtime work.
    (iii) Extent and nature of leave admissible.
    (iv) Facilities regarding housing.
    (v) Facilities regarding supply of foodstuffs.
    (vi) Provident fund and other facilities.
12. Names of newspapers and periodicals in which advertisement is proposed to be published and their place of publication.
13. Number of insertions in each paper.

1010

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Department of Supply
OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES,
BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY, invites Tender No. BSY/GABS/1742 to reach him on or before 30th November, 1944 on Forms (Not transferrable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 4/- (not refundable) per set, to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (tender number, full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Combs Hair 6"/7" length..... Trade Quality. 10,000 Nos.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department, Contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender Form. 1023

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Matriculates for posts of clerks and typists in the grade of Rs. 30-5|2-55. Applications are also invited from graduates for posts of clerks in the scale of Rs. 60-5|2-75. All the posts carry with them in addition to pay Bombay Local Allowance, War Allowance (temporarily) and Dearness Allowance as admissible under the rules. The total emoluments admissible on the existing basis to a Matriculate will be Rs. 68|- p.m. and to a graduate Rs. 98|- p.m. to start with, respectively. Age limit 23 years for advanced class candidates and 26 for others. Apply stating date of birth, caste and sub-caste, place of domicile with district, qualifications, experience, etc. to the Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay, Bombay. (1025)

PUBLIC NOTICES

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Mr. A. B. Chatterjee, Secretary of the METROPOLITAN INSURANCE CO. LTD., will shortly be on tour here from Head Office. Those interested for the organisation of the Company's business in Bombay city or elsewhere in the Presidency may arrange immediately with the Branch Secretary, Bombay, at 371, Hornby Road, either personally or through letter regarding interviews and arrangements. 1003

Note the change in
Telephone Number
45594
NEW JACK PRINTING WORKS, LTD.,
Sankli Street, Byculla. (1021)

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE INQUIRY POSTS FOR BOMBAY

With a view to providing facilities to the general public who may wish to lodge complaints regarding over-charging, non-issue of cash memo, refusal to sell, refusal to show price lists, etc., and providing correct information as regards controlled prices of various articles, two Inquiry Posts have been set up by the Controller General of Civil Supplies, Government of India, for Bombay City and Bombay Suburban Districts, each under the charge of an Asst. Inspector of Civil Supplies.

In Bombay City the Inquiry Post is located on the 1st Floor, Crawford Market under the charge of a lady Asst. Inspector. This Inquiry Post remains open on all week days between the hours of 11 A.M. and 6 P.M.

The Inquiry Post for the Bombay Suburban Districts is located at 70, Kirtikar Market, Dadar. The Asst. Inspector in charge of this Inquiry Post will be present in his office from 8-30 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 4 P.M. to 8 P.M. on all week days except Fridays, when he will attend in the morning only. 1029

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

TENDERS ARE INVITED by the undersigned to be received at his office upto 1 P.M. (N.S.T.) on Thursday, the 30th inst., for

12,000 FEET HOSE FIRE FLAX OR LINEN 2.1/2" DIA. WITH GUARANTEED BURSTING PRESSURE OF NOT LESS THAN 500 LBS. PER SQUARE INCH to be supplied from ready stock in lengths of 50 feet or multiples thereof, delivered at B.P.T. Stores, Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay.

Tenders giving full particulars may be submitted on the tenderer's own form and samples of the qualities offered must accompany the same.

S. M. DOCTOR.
Ag Controller of Stores. 1018

G. I. P. RAILWAY

PASSENGER TRAIN SERVICE

With effect from 1st December 1944, 11 Dn. North East Passenger Train will leave Bombay V. T. at 11-20 hrs. and arrive Byculla at 11-30 hrs. i.e. 5 minutes earlier and will leave Byculla as at present. 1020

SECRETARY, PUNJAB AND N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE

INVITES APPLICATIONS from British subjects preferably domiciled in Punjab or Delhi and subjects of notified Punjab States, (Sikhs or Muslims and Statutory Agriculturist preferred) on or before the 12th December, 1944 on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by Treasury or M. O. receipt for Rs. 5/- for two temporary posts of LECTURER IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, Punjab College of Engineering and Technology, Lahore. Pay: Rs. 200-400 p.m. initial pay according to qualifications and experience. Age: Preferably not exceeding 45 years unless already in Government service. Qualifications: A good recognised Degree or Diploma in Engineering gained after a full regular course of study. Candidates possessing B.Sc. Engg. degree (Aligarh) will be considered provisionally pending Government's decision on the question of the recognition of the Engg. degrees of the University, sound practical training in Mechanical Engineering, SOUND TEACHING EXPERIENCE AND ABILITY PREFERABLY IN ENGINEERING SUBJECTS; and suitable Personality to teach and to maintain discipline. These conditions relaxable in favour of otherwise suitable candidates. Government servants eligible. Further particulars on application. 1016

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Policy No. 205621 of The Empire of India Life Assurance Co. Ltd., and No. 178623 of The Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society Ltd., on the life of Narmdashanker Harjivandas GORE having been lost, the undersigned has applied for the Duplicates. Any person having any objection of its granting should lodge his objection with the Insurance Company concerned, within thirty days of the publication of this notice; after which date no claim will be entertained.

NARMDASHANKER HARJIVANDAS GORE.

Date 17|11|44. (6588)

G.I.P. RAILWAY
EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

WANTED candidates to fill the following posts:—

(a) 2 posts of Temporary Pro. Storeman.
(b) 20 posts of Temporary Asst. Time Keepers.

AGE: Not less than 18 years and not more than 30 years on 1|12|1944.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS:

Studied up to pre-Matric standard under the Government Grant-in-aid Code of the Bombay University or its equivalent standard.

SCALE OF PAY:

for (a) Rs. 35|- P.M. as stipend to be absorbed as Temp. Storeman on Rs. 40|- P.M. in the grade of Rs. 40-2-4-50 after 6 months successful training.
(b) Rs. 40|- P.M. in the grade of Rs. 40-2-4-50 to be absorbed as Temp. clerks on completion of 9 months successful training.

ALLOWANCES:

for (a) Dearness Allowance Rs. 16|- (present rate)
(i) when posted within the Bombay Island and Dearness Allowance of varying amounts when posted outside that area.
(ii) Bombay House and Local Allowance totalling 20% of pay on absorption in a post within the Island of Bombay on successful completion of training period.
for (b) Dearness Allowance Rs. 18|- (present rate)
(i) when posted within the Bombay Island and Dearness Allowance of varying amounts when posted outside that area.
(ii) Bombay House and Local Allowance totalling 20% of pay when posted within the Island of Bombay.

2. Candidates should be physically fit generally and have the following sight standards:—

Distant vision tested with Landolt's split rings must not be less than 6.9 in either eye with or without glasses. Near vision—Snellon 0.6 in either eye with or without glasses.

3. Forms of applications are obtainable from the Divisional Transportation Superintendent, G.I.P. Railway, V.T. Bombay, on payment of Rupee 1|- each by Money Order only. FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE APPLICANT AND THE NAME OF THE POST APPLIED FOR SHOULD BE ENTERED IN BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS ON MONEY ORDER COUPONS; otherwise Money Orders are liable to be returned. Last date for receipt of Money Order is 30th November, 1944.

4. Candidates called for interview and examination should attend at their own expense. A call to attend examination or interview will not imply offer of employment. (976)

THE BOMBAY ALL MALAYALEE CONFERENCE

All the Keralites of Bombay are hereby informed that the Bombay All Malayalee Conference proposed to be held on the 18th and 19th inst. at Bai Sunderabai Hall, under the auspices of the BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAMAJ has been postponed 'sine die.'

V. K. EZHUTHACHAN,
Secretary,
Bombay Keraleeya Samaj. (1001)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies
BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY invites Tender No. BSY|GABS|1741 to reach him on or before 30th November, 1944, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3|- (not refundable) per set, to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No., full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Brushes Shaving, Trade Quality Nos. 5000
Brushes Hair: Military Type, Trade Quality „ 2000
Brushes Tooth, Trade Quality „ 5000

Applicant not already on approved list of Supply Department Contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender form. (1022)

NOTICE

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, Labour Department Technical Training Scheme. Engine Smith, Copper and Tin-Smith, and Fitter Instructors are required for Civnaval Centre, Pilani in the grade of Rs. 135-12-200 plus Dearness allowance. Quarters provided at nominal rent. Candidates with Foundry experience will be preferred. Apply stating, age and experience to the Officer-in-Charge, Civnaval Centre, Pilani. (1028)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY TENDERS.

The Controller of Stores invites tenders for the purchase of scrap timber. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore, Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Re. 1|- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date 29-11-1944 at 3 p.m. (N. S. T.) 1017

SHERIFF'S NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Fourth Criminal Sessions of 1944 which commenced on the 11th September, 1944, has this day been dissolved.

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 16th November, 1944. (1030)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABDULLABHAI GULAMALI TANKIWALLA, MR. NAZARALI GULAMALI TANKIWALLA AND MR. MAHOMEDALI GULAMALI TANKIWALLA have agreed to sell to our clients the property situate at Parel Road, Kalachowki, and particularly described in the schedule hereunder written.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land being Plot No. 106 of Parel Road, North Scheme No. 47, containing by admeasurement 429 square yards or thereabouts and bearing New Survey No. 1 c|2511 and Cadastral Survey No. 800 of Mazagaon Division, together with the tenement or building standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under E Ward No. 7501, sub No. 1 and Street Nos. 15 to 39 all of which premises are situate at Parel Road near Kalachowki, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, and are bounded as follows: that is to say on or towards the East by the property of Haji Jan Mohamed Adam and another on or towards the West by Parel Road, on or towards the North by land comprised in case No. 105 of the said Scheme leased to the Manekji Petit Manufacturing Co., Ld. and on or towards the South by the passage 23 feet wide leading into Parel Road.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of sale mortgage, gift, inheritance, lease lien, share or otherwise in the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their office 18-19 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which period the sale will be completed without regard to any claim of which notice has not been received.

Dated this 14th day of November 1944.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Solicitors for the Purchaser. (1004)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

IN INSOLVENCY No. N 73 of 1944
Re: BAGMAL M. PAREKH
..... Judgment Debtor.

In the matter of an Insolvency Notice issued on the 11th day of August 1944.

To
BAGMAL M. PAREKH

TAKE NOTICE that an Insolvency Notice for Rs. 2972-12-0 in respect of a Decree in Suit No. 1521 of 1943 in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay dated the 7th day of December 1943, has been issued against you in this Court by The Associated Banking Corporation of India Ltd. and the Court has on the 7th day of November 1944 ordered that the said Insolvency Notice be served on you by publishing this Notice once in the "Bombay Chronicle' and once in the "Sanj Vartaman" newspapers and by affixing a sealed copy of the said Insolvency Notice on the Notice Board of the Insolvency Registrar.

The Insolvency Notice can be inspected by you on application to the undersigned.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1944.

S. S. RANGNEKAR.
Insolvency Registrar,
High Court, Bombay. 1027

FREE

CALENDAR 1944

With illustrated catalogue of London New Gold and its ornaments is given away absolutely FREE. A sample set comprising of 4 pairs Bangles, 1 pair Ear-ring, 1 locket and 1 Finger ring is also offered to interested persons who apply before the concession is withdrawn

LONDON, C. CO.,
P. B. 165 (B. C. B-) LAHORE.

WONDERS OF ASTROLOGY
Why Not Consult
PROF. HAKIM G. JANJOHA

the most renowned and successful Astrologer, Spiritualist, Palmist and Hypnotist in the Far East and India: and know what the present and future have in store for you?

Then consult and seek help in all pertaining your intentions, anxieties, business, speculations, litigation and your love matters. Race and Lottery.

ALSO spiritual diseases are cured by spiritual treatment.

9 to 1—CONSULTING HOURS—8 to 8

Address:—
341, Batuk Mansion, 1st Floor,
Girgaum Road,
Near Thakurdwar Post Office,
BOMBAY No. 2.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ARDESHIR PALLONJI BHANDARI of Bombay Parsi inhabitant, has contracted to sell to my client the undermentioned property. Any persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Esplanade Mansion, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Chakla near Andheri, in the Bombay Suburban Division in the registration District Bombay Suburban, Sub-District Bandra, containing by actual measurement 5.704 square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 77 Pots Nos. 8, 5 1, 6 and 7, Paini No. 11 and 4 and S. No. 78, Paini No. 6, assessed at Rs. 3 3 3 per annum, but those present S. No. 77, Hissa No. 1 and S. No. 78A, Hissa No. 3, bounded on the North by Andheri Marole Road, West by the property of Framroze M. Menta, South by the property of Khristayar T. Menon and partly by the property of the said Framroze M. Menta and East by a private passage which said premises do not bear any Municipal or notified area Committee.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1944.

RAMCHANDRA T. KARNIK,
Purchaser's Attorney. 1019

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE

HIGHLY ARTISTICALLY MADE SOLID TEAK FURNITURE, MARBLE, BRONZE & TERRA COTTA FIGURES, ETC.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Deed of Settlement dated 1st August 1913, Executed by the late Seth Bomanji Dinshaw Petit, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction Today, Friday the 17th November, 1944, at 11-30 A.M. (N. S. T.) at their Sale Rooms the abovementioned Furniture made by Benjamin & other well-known makers and numerous other articles.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT REAY ROAD, MAZAGON.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will today, FRIDAY, the 17th November, 1944, at 4-30 P.M. (N.S.T.) sell by public auction on the premises the property hereunder described at the risk of the representatives of the deceased Mortgagor Ardesher Rustomji Hazary and by order of the Mortgagees in pursuance of the Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 20th February, 1922.

Pieces of land partly of Fazandari tenure and partly freehold with the building and situate at Reay Road, Mazagaon admeasuring about 399 sq. yds. bearing Collector's new Survey No. 3598 and Cadastral Survey No. 63 of Mazagaon Division and Municipal "E" Ward No. 5096, St. No 1.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Shroff & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at 375 Hornby Road or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

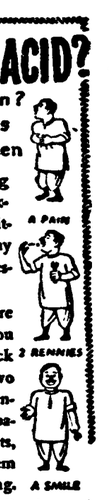
BONAFIDE SALE

By order of the President, Committee of Adjustment, we shall sell on SUNDAY 19th November 1944, at 11 A.M. (N. S. T.) at A. F. (I.) Headquarters, Dhobi Talao, drawing room and study furniture, glassware, Cameras, Gramophone clothes etc. Property of Late Lt. Jagger.

CRAWFORD & CO.

STOMACH ACID?

Feeling rotten? Take 2 Rennies Pain's forgotten



YOU may be working at your job, or walking down the street, or visiting the cinema—you may be *anywhere* when indigestion strikes you.

Do you have to endure it? NO! Wherever you are, you can kill any attack of acid indigestion in two minutes—if you carry Rennies—and Rennies are separately wrapped, like sweets, so that you can carry them loose in your pocket or bag.

Armed in this way, when indigestion attacks, you can counter-attack *at once!* No water needed. No spoon. No delay. Just suck a couple of Rennies, one after the other. Rennies neutralize the excess stomach acid that's causing the trouble. Then the pain stops. It's like a miracle. No wonder doctors recommend Rennies!

Get a packet of Rennies to-day from your chemists, stores, or bazar, and carry a few with you wherever you go.

DIGESTIF RENNIES

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.